LVN Lab 1 Quiz (Complete and bring to lab)

Blood draw (peripheral and/or CVL)

1. The smallest syringe that should be used to flush a central line or PICC line is _____
2. When it is necessary to draw blood from an arm also receiving IVF, the IVF should be stopped for how long prior to drawing a blood sample in that arm? _____
3. A saline flush can be used more than one time if the tip is kept sterile True False
4. A PICC line should be flushed with how many mL of saline after the blood draw is complete? _____
5. In which order should the following steps be completed during the activity of drawing a peripheral blood sample?

   1.____2. ____3. _____4._____5._____6._____7._____8._____9._____

A. Don gloves apply tourniquet select vein
B. Dispose of sharps
C. Anchor the vein
D. Obtain blood sample release tourniquet
E. Label blood specimen tubes in presence of patient
F. Clean skin with alcohol swab
G. Place cotton ball over puncture site and gently remove the needle
H. Place in biohazard bag
I. Pierce the skin

Central Venous Line (CVL) dressing change

6. When removing the current CVL dressing pull the dressing toward the insertion site. True False
7. Scrub the insertion site using friction and the provided chlorhexidine sponge for how long? _____

Intramuscular (IM) injection

8. What length and gauge needle is appropriate to use when giving an adult vastus lateralis or ventrogluteal injection? _____
9. Z track method is recommended for IM injections except for deltoid site.
10. What are the benefits of Z track? _____
11. SQ injections of enoxaparin given close to the umbilicus can result in what?

    _____

12. Other SQ injections like insulin can be administered at a 90 degree angle if what is sufficient?

    _____

IVP

13. Aspiration should be done to verify patency before administering an IVP med through a central line.

    True False

14. To infuse a medication as a secondary IVPB via the pump, the primary bag of IVF should hang higher than the IVPB med bag. True False