

IM 7 Math Module

Complete the required math problems and submit to Math drop box

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1. Infuse ^{1000 mg} 1 gram of a medication over 45 minutes. The drug is supplied as 1 gram/50ml. ^{ML/hr (?)}

The drip factor is 15. How many gtt/min will you infuse?

$\text{drops/min} = (\text{drip factor}) \times (\text{hourly inf rate}) \times (\text{time})$
 $= (\text{gtt/min}) \times \left(\frac{\text{ML}}{\text{hour}}\right) \times \left(\frac{1 \text{ hour}}{60 \text{ min}}\right)$

$$\frac{50 \text{ mL}}{45 \text{ mins}} \times 15 (\text{drip factor}) = 17 \text{ gtt/min}$$

2. The physician writes an order to give 1000mL of intravenous fluid over 8hrs. How

many mL/hr will you infuse? $\frac{1000 \text{ mL}}{8 \text{ hours}} = 125 \text{ mL/hr}$

3. Infuse ^{1500 mg} 1.5 gram of a medication over ^{180 mins} 3 hours. The drug is supplied as ^{1500 mg} 1.5 gram/250mL.

The drip factor is 15. How many gtt/min will you infuse? $\frac{250 \text{ mL}}{180 \text{ mins}} \times 15 = 20.8 \rightarrow 21 \text{ gtt/min}$

4. An order has been written to give 1 gram of a medication over 30 minutes. The drug is supplied as 1 gram/50mL. The gtt factor is 60. How many gtt/min will you infuse?

$$\frac{50 \text{ mL}}{30 \text{ mins}} \times 60 = 100 \text{ gtt/min}$$

5. The nurse is to give 500mg IV of a medication over 1 hr. The drug is supplied as

1gram/250mL. The gtt factor is 15. How many gtt/min will you infuse?

$$\frac{250 \text{ mL}}{100 \text{ min}} \times 15 = 37.5 \rightarrow 38 \text{ gtt/min}$$

6. An order is received for 75mcg IV of a medication now. The drug is supplied as

100mcg/2mL. How many mL will you give? $\frac{100 \text{ mcg}}{2 \text{ mL}} = \frac{75 \text{ mcg}}{x \text{ mL}}$
 $\frac{100x}{100} = \frac{150}{100}$
 $x = 1.5 \text{ mL}$

7. Infuse 1000 mLs of intravenous fluid over 4 hrs. How many mL/hr will you set on the

pump?

$$\frac{1000 \text{ mL}}{4 \text{ hours}} = 250 \text{ mL/hr}$$

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8. The patient is to receive 5mg of a medication. The drug is supplied as 20mg/5mL. How many mL will you give? (Do not round your final answer)

$$\frac{20\text{mg}}{5\text{mL}} = \frac{5\text{mg}}{x}$$

$$\frac{20x}{20x} = \frac{25}{20x}$$

$$x = 1.25\text{mL}$$

9. The order is to give 2mg IV of a medication now. The drug is supplied as 10mg/mL.

How many mL will you give?

$$\frac{10\text{mg}}{1\text{mL}} = \frac{2\text{mg}}{x}$$

$$\frac{10x}{10x} = \frac{2}{10x}$$

$$x = 0.2\text{mL}$$

10. Infuse 500mg IV of a medication over 8 hrs. The drug is supplied as 500mg/100mL. The drip factor is 60. How many gtt/min will you infuse?

$$\frac{100\text{mL}}{60\text{min}} \times 60 = 12.5 \rightarrow 13\text{gtt/min}$$

11. The patient is receiving an intravenous medication currently infusing at 142 mL/hr. The IV bag of reads 50 mg in 500 mL D5W. The patient weighs 175 lbs. How many mcg/kg/min are infusing? Round to the nearest tenth.

$$\frac{\text{concentration} \times \text{infusion}}{\text{weight (kg)} \times 60\text{min/hr}} = \frac{\left(\frac{50,000}{500}\right) \times (142)}{(79.55) \times 60} = \frac{14200}{4773} = 2.9 \rightarrow 3\text{mcg/kg/min}$$

$$\frac{(\text{mcg/mL}) \times (\text{mL/hr})}{60 (\text{min/hr})}$$

12. The physician has ordered a medication that states to start at 1 mcg/kg/min, and titrate as needed. The IV bag of medication contains 250 mg in 500 mL D5W. The patient weighs 70 kg. How many mL/hr should the IV pump be set at to achieve the starting dose? Round to the nearest whole number.

$$\frac{\text{mL/hr} = (\text{kg}) \times (\text{mcg/kg/min}) \times 60\text{min/hr}}{(\text{mcg/mL})}$$

$$\frac{70\text{kg} \times 1\text{mcg/kg/min} \times 60 = 4200}{(250,000/500) = 500} = 8.4 \rightarrow 8\text{mL/hr}$$

13. The patient is currently receiving a medication at 12 mL/hr. The bottle reads 100 mg/in 250 mL D5W. How many mcg/min is the patient receiving?

$$\frac{100,000\text{mcg}/250\text{mL} = 400}{400 \times 12 = 4800\text{mcg/min}} = 12\text{mL/hr}$$

$$\frac{(\text{mcg/mL}) \times (\text{mL/hr})}{60\text{min/hr}} = \frac{100 \times 12}{60} = 200\text{mcg/min}$$

14. The physician orders a heparin infusion at 500 units/hr. The IV bag of medication reads 25,000 units in 250 mL D5W. How many mL/hr should be showing on the IV pump?

$$\frac{25,000\text{U}}{250\text{mL}} = \frac{500\text{U}}{x} \quad x = 5\text{mL/hr}$$

$$25,000 \times x = 125,000$$

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15. The physician has ordered a medication to start at **2 mcg/kg/min**. The patient weighs **165 lbs**. The IV bag reads **800 mg in 500 mL D5W**. What rate would the nurse set on the **infusion pump**? Round to the nearest tenth.

$$0.002 \text{ mg} \times 75 \text{ kg} = 0.15 \text{ mg/min} \times 60 = 9 \text{ mg/hr}$$

$$\frac{800 \text{ mg}}{500 \text{ mL}} = \frac{9 \text{ mg}}{x}$$

$$\frac{800x}{800x} = \frac{4500}{800x}$$

$$x = 5.625 \text{ mL} \rightarrow 6 \text{ mL/hr}$$

16. The physician in the previous questions has now written an order to increase the medication to **4 mcg/kg/min**. Using the information in the previous question, what rate would the nurse set on the **IV pump**? Round to the nearest tenth.

$$\frac{800 \text{ mg}}{500 \text{ mL}} = \frac{0.3 \text{ mg}}{x}$$

$$\frac{800x}{800x} = \frac{150}{800x}$$

$$x = 0.1875 \text{ mL/min} \times 60 = 11.25 \text{ mL/hr} \rightarrow 11.3 \text{ mL/hr}$$

17. The patient is on a regular insulin drip infusing at **5 units/hr**. The bag is labeled **100 units in 250 mL NS**. At what rate should the pump be infusing? Round to the nearest whole number.

$$\frac{100 \text{ units}}{250 \text{ mL}} = \frac{5}{x}$$

$$x = 12.5 \text{ mL rounded } 13 \text{ mL/hr}$$

18. The patient is on a medication drip infusing at **35 mL/hr**. The label reads **400 mg in 500 mL D5W**. The patient weighs **62 kg**. How many **mcg/kg/min** is the patient receiving? Round to the nearest tenth.

$$\frac{400 \text{ mg}}{500 \text{ mL}} = 0.8 \text{ mg/mL}$$

$$\frac{0.8 \text{ mg/mL} \times 35 \text{ mL/hr}}{62 \text{ kg} \times 60 \text{ min}} = \frac{28,000}{3720} = 7.5 \text{ mcg/kg/min}$$

19. The physician has ordered 1 gram IV of a medication over 30 minutes. Pharmacy has sent an IV bag labeled 1 gram in 50 mL D5W. The IV tubing delivers 15 gtt/mL. How many drops per minute (gtt/min) will the nurse deliver?

$$\frac{50 \text{ mL}}{30 \text{ mins}} \times 15 = 24.999 \rightarrow 25 \text{ gtt/min}$$

20. The patient is to receive 400 mg IV of a medication over 1 hour. You receive an IV bag from the pharmacy labeled 400 mg in 100 mL D5W. The IV tubing delivers 12 gtt/mL. How many drops per minute (gtt/min) will the nurse deliver?

$$\frac{100 \text{ mL}}{60 \text{ mins}} \times 12 = 19.999 \rightarrow 20 \text{ gtt/min}$$