

# IM 7 Math Module

Complete the required math problems and submit to Math drop box  
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1. Infuse 1 gram of a medication over 45 minutes. The drug is supplied as 1gram/50ml.

The drip factor is 15. How many gtt/min will you infuse?  $\frac{50 \text{ mL} (15)}{45 \text{ min}} = 16.67 \rightarrow 17 \text{ gtt/min}$

2. The physician writes an order to give 1000mL of intravenous fluid over 8hrs. How

many mL/hr will you infuse?  $\frac{1000 \text{ mL}}{8 \text{ hr}} = 125 \text{ mL/hr}$

3. Infuse 1.5 gram of a medication over 3 hours. The drug is supplied as 1.5 gram/250mL.

The drip factor is 15. How many gtt/min will you infuse?  $\frac{250 \text{ mL} (15)}{180 \text{ min}} = 20.83 \rightarrow 21 \text{ gtt/min}$   
 3 hrs  $\rightarrow$  180 min

4. An order has been written to give 1 gram of a medication over 30 minutes. The drug is

supplied as 1 gram/50mL. The gtt factor is 60. How many gtt/min will you infuse?

$$\frac{50 \text{ mL} (60)}{30 \text{ min}} = 100 \text{ gtt/min}$$

5. The nurse is to give 500mg IV of a medication over 1 hr. The drug is supplied as

1gram/250mL. The gtt factor is 15. How many gtt/min will you infuse?  $\frac{250 \text{ mL} (15)}{60 \text{ min}} = 62.5 \rightarrow 63 \text{ gtt/min}$   
 $\hookrightarrow 0.5 \text{ g}$   
 $0.5 / 250 \text{ mL} = 125 \text{ mL}$   
 $\frac{125 \text{ mL} (15)}{60 \text{ min}} = 31.25 \rightarrow 31 \text{ gtt/min}$

6. An order is received for 75mcg IV of a medication now. The drug is supplied as

100mcg/2mL. How many mL will you give?  $\frac{(75 \text{ mcg}) (2 \text{ mL})}{100 \text{ mcg}} = 1.5 \text{ mL}$   
 D: 75 mcg  
 H: 100 mcg  
 V: 2 mL  
 X: ? mL

7. Infuse 1000 mLs of intravenous fluid over 4 hrs. How many mL/hr will you set on the

pump?  $\frac{1000 \text{ mL}}{4 \text{ hrs}} = 250 \text{ mL/hr}$

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kg g mg mcg  
 $\times 1000$

8. The patient is to receive 5mg of a medication. The drug is supplied as 20mg/5mL. How

many mL will you give? (Do not round your final answer)

D: 5mg  
 H: 20mg  
 V: 5mL  
 X: ?

$$\frac{5(5)}{20} = 1.25 \text{ mL}$$

9. The order is to give 2mg IV of a medication now. The drug is supplied as 10mg/mL.

How many mL will you give? D: 2mg  
 H: 10mg  
 V: 1mL  
 X: ? mL

$$\frac{2(1)}{10} = 0.2 \text{ mL}$$

10. Infuse 500mg IV of a medication over 8 hrs. The drug is supplied as 500mg/100mL. The

drip factor is 60. How many gtt/min will you infuse?  $\frac{100 \text{ mL}(60)}{480 \text{ mins}} = 12.5 \rightarrow 13 \text{ gtt/min}$

8 hrs = 480 mins

11. The patient is receiving an intravenous medication currently infusing at 142 mL/hr. The IV bag of reads 50 mg in 500 mL D5W. The patient weighs 175 lbs. How many mcg/kg/min are infusing? Round to the nearest tenth.

mcg/kg/min  
 $\frac{\text{wt(kg)} \times \text{dose} \times 60}{\text{conc. (mcg/mL)}}$

$\frac{\text{conc. (int. rate)}}{\text{wt(kg)} \times 60} = \frac{100 \times 142}{(74.55 \text{ kg}) \times 60} = \frac{14,200}{4,773} = 2.98 \rightarrow 3.0 \text{ mcg/kg/min}$

74.55 kg (conc: 50 mg / 500 mL = 0.1 mg/mL → 100 mcg/mL)

12. The physician has ordered a medication that states to start at 1 mcg/kg/min, and titrate as needed. The IV bag of medication contains 250 mg in 500 mL D5W. The patient weighs 70 kg. How many mL/hr should the IV pump be set at to achieve the starting dose? Round to the nearest whole number. (conc: 250 mg / 500 mL → 0.5 mg/mL →  $\times 1000 = 500 \text{ mcg/mL}$ )

$$\frac{(70 \text{ kg})(1 \text{ mcg/kg/min})(60)}{500 \text{ mcg/mL}} = 8.4 \rightarrow 8 \text{ mL/hr}$$

13. The patient is currently receiving a medication at 12 mL/hr. The bottle reads 100 mg in 250 mL D5W. How many mcg/min is the patient receiving? (conc: 100 mg / 250 mL = 0.4 mg →  $\times 1000 = 400 \text{ mcg/mL}$ )

$$\frac{\text{conc.} \times \text{int. rate}}{60} = \frac{400 \text{ mcg/mL}(12 \text{ mL/hr})}{60} = 80 \text{ mcg/min}$$

14. The physician orders a heparin infusion at 500 units/hr. The IV bag of medication reads 25,000 units in 250 mL D5W. How many mL/hr should be showing on the IV pump? (conc: 25000 units / 250 mL = 100 units/mL)

~~int. rate x 60~~  
~~conc.~~

~~D: 5000  
 H: 25000 u  
 V: 250 mL  
 X: ?~~

~~$\frac{500(250)}{25,000} = 5$~~

~~$\frac{500(60)}{100} = 300 \text{ mL/hr}$~~

$$\frac{\text{dose (units/hr)}}{\text{concent.}} = \frac{500}{100} = 5 \text{ mL/hr}$$

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15. The physician has ordered a medication to start at 2 mcg/kg/min. The patient weighs 165 lbs. The IV bag reads 800 mg in 500 mL D5W. What rate would the nurse set on the infusion pump? Round to the nearest tenth.
- 75 kg ← 165 lbs*      *(onc: 800/500 = 1.6 mg → 1600 mcg/mL)*

$$\frac{(wt)(dose)(60)}{onc} = \frac{(75 \text{ kg})(2 \text{ mcg/kg/min})(60)}{1600 \text{ mcg/mL}} = 5.63 \rightarrow \boxed{5.6 \text{ mL/hr}}$$

16. The physician in the previous questions has now written an order to increase the medication to 4 mcg/kg/min. Using the information in the previous question, what rate would the nurse set on the IV pump? Round to the nearest tenth.

$$\frac{(75 \text{ kg})(4)(60)}{1600} = 11.25 \rightarrow \boxed{11.3 \text{ mL/hr}}$$

17. The patient is on a regular insulin drip infusing at 5 units/hr. The bag is labeled 100 units in 250 mL NS. At what rate should the pump be infusing? Round to the nearest whole number.

*(onc: 100/250 = 0.4 u/mL)*

$$\frac{5 \text{ u/hr}}{0.4 \text{ u/mL}} = 12.5 \rightarrow \boxed{13 \text{ mL/hr}}$$

18. The patient is on a medication drip infusing at 35 mL/hr. The label reads 400 mg in 500 mL D5W. The patient weighs 62 kg. How many mcg/kg/min is the patient receiving? Round to the nearest tenth.

*(onc: 400/500 = 0.8 → × 1000 = 800)*

$$\frac{800(35 \text{ mL/hr})}{62(60)} = \frac{28,000}{3,720} = 7.53 \rightarrow \boxed{7.5 \text{ mcg/kg/min}}$$

19. The physician has ordered 1 gram IV of a medication over 30 minutes. Pharmacy has sent an IV bag labeled 1 gram in 50 mL D5W. The IV tubing delivers 15 gtt/mL. How many drops per minute (gtt/min) will the nurse deliver?

$$\frac{50 \text{ mL}(15)}{30 \text{ mins}} = \boxed{25 \text{ gtt/min}}$$

20. The patient is to receive 400 mg IV of a medication over 1 hour. You receive an IV bag from the pharmacy labeled 400 mg in 100 mL D5W. The IV tubing delivers 12 gtt/mL. How many drops per minute (gtt/min) will the nurse deliver?

$$\frac{100 \text{ mL}(12)}{60 \text{ min}} = \boxed{20 \text{ gtt/min}}$$