

Tyquinisha Mitchell

02-05-23

HIV and AIDS assignment

Question: A patient was just admitted to the hospital with HIV/ AIDS and is wondering how she got the disease. What are some things you could teach that may have put her at greatest risk for her diagnosis?

Answer choices:

- A. Blood transfusions
- B. Genetically from birth/ or breastfeeding
- C. Contaminated blood products
- D. Multiple sex partners with the use of condoms
- E. Sharing injection needles

Answers: B, C, E

Rationale: B. is correct because HIV/ AIDS can travel through placenta, blood, amniotic fluid/ vaginal fluids, as well as breast milk. C. is correct because contaminated blood products have an elevated risk of having HIV/ AIDS as well as other immunosuppressing infections. E. is correct because sharing injection needles also puts a person at greatest risk for getting HIV/AIDS because they have a substantial risk of having HIV/ AIDS infection as well as other immunosuppressing infections because they are also contaminated.

A. Is incorrect because blood transfusions are processed, and screening is done to look for evidence of HIV/ AIDS as well as other infections so the risk of acquiring this infection through blood transfusions is low. D. is incorrect because although multiple sex partners increase the risk of getting the HIV/ AIDS infection, safe sex decreases the risk of semen, vaginal fluids, and blood entering the next person which cancels the portal of entry by using condoms.

Resource: <https://youtu.be/ng22Ucr33aw>