

**Maternal Medication Worksheet - Current Medications & PRN for Last 24 Hours**

Allergies: \_\_\_\_\_

Primary IV Fluid and Infusion Rate (ml/hr)	Circle IVF Type	Rationale for IVF	Lab Values to Assess Related to IVF	Contraindications/Complications
	Isotonic/ Hypotonic/ Hypertonic			

Generic Name	Pharmacologic Classification	Therapeutic Reason	Dose, Route & Schedule	Correct Dose? If not, what is correct dose?	IVP - List solution to dilute and rate to push. IVPB - List mL/hr and time to give	Adverse Effects	Appropriate Nursing Assessment, Teaching, Interventions (Precautions/Contraindications, Etc.)
Oxytocin	pituitary hormone, posterior	Hormone used to start or continue labor and to control bleeding after delivery	IV or IM	Y N	IVPB- start slow and titrate upwards based on patient	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* confusion</li> <li>* convulsions</li> <li>* difficulty breathing</li> <li>* dizziness</li> <li>* irregular/fast heartbeat</li> <li>* headache</li> <li>* pelvic or abdominal pain</li> <li>* vaginal bleeding</li> </ul>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Monitor contractions</li> <li>2. Continuous FHR monitoring</li> <li>3. Avoid excessive stimulation to uterus or harm to fetus</li> <li>4. Monitor patient fluids (intake and output)</li> </ol>

Student Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Unit: \_\_\_\_\_

Pt. Initials: \_\_\_\_\_

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**Newborn Medication Worksheet - Current Medications & PRN for Last 24 Hours**

Allergies: \_\_\_\_\_

Magnesium Sulfate	anticonvulsants	Prevention and control of seizures in preeclampsia and eclampsia	IV 4 to 6 g over 15 to 20 min, continuous infusion is 1 to 2 g/hr	Y N	IVPB - always administer via pump or piggyback into most proximal port	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* respiratory depression/difficulty</li> <li>* chest pain</li> <li>* mental confusion/slurred speech</li> <li>* depressed DTRs</li> <li>* flushing, sweating, lethargy</li> <li>* hypotension</li> <li>* FHR deceleration</li> </ul>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Caution in patient with renal impairment</li> <li>2. Urine output maintained at 100 mL q four hours</li> <li>3. Monitor DTRs</li> <li>4. Monitor patients mental status and respiratory rate, report SOB or trouble breathing</li> </ol>
Meperidine	opiates (narcotic) analgesics	Used to relieve moderate to severe pain	PO q 3 to 4 hours PRN	Y N	PO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* lightheadedness</li> <li>* dizziness</li> <li>* weakness</li> <li>* headache</li> <li>* mood changes</li> <li>* N/V</li> <li>* stomach pain/cramps/constipation</li> <li>* dry mouth</li> </ul>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Take with food if GI irritation</li> <li>2. Do not crush, break or chew tablets</li> <li>3. Dilute the medication if in syrup form</li> <li>4. Report increased or severe pain</li> </ol>

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						* flushing/ sweating/ vision changes	
Promethazine	antiemetics ; phenothiazines	Used to treat nausea and vomiting	PO PRN 2 to 4 times daily	Y  N	PO	* dry mouth  * drowsiness/ dizziness  * constipation  * blurred vision	1. Take with food to avoid GI irritation (or if GI irritation occurs) 2. Caution when changing position as it may cause dizziness 3. Report trouble breathing or hx of respiratory problems 4. Use sugar-less drug, hard candy, or ice chips to relieve dry mouth
Calcium Gluconate	Calcium salts	Used to prevent or treat low blood calcium levels	PO	Y  N	PO	* constipation  * upset stomach	1. Take with food 2. Take it at the same time(s) each day 3. Report nausea/vomiting and/or increase stomach pain 4. Monitor calcium levels (follow-up labs required)

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Phytonadione	Vitamins; Vitamin K	Used to prevent bleeding	IM injection	Y  N	IM injections	* pain, swelling, or soreness at injection site  * flushing  * rapid heartbeat  * sweating  * respiratory changes  * bluish lips/skin/nails	1. Obtain consent for Vitamin K injection 2. Monitor for bleeding 3. Educate on the risks with not obtaining the injection (serious bleeding problems, Vitamin K deficiency) 4. Caution in donate with renal impairment or hypersensitivity to Vitamin K
Erythromycin Ophthalmic Ointment	Macrolide antibiotics	Used to treat certain eye infections	Ointmen t/topical antibioti c, applied directly	Y  N	Topical antibiotic	* eye stinging, burning, redness  * temporary blurred vision	1. Avoid contamination, do not let tip of tube touch anything 2. Apply only to eyes 3. Monitor for worsening eye symptoms 4. This medication only treats bacterial infections

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<p>Engerix B</p>	<p>Viral vaccines</p>	<p>Used to help prevent hepatitis B in adults</p>	<p>IM injection, 0, 1, 6 month schedule</p>	<p>Y N</p>	<p>IM injection</p>	<p>* allergic reaction (hives, difficulty breathing, swelling in face or throat) * severe skin reaction (sore throat, burning eyes, skin pain, red/purple skin rash w/ blistering and peeling) * headache * tiredness * redness, pain, swelling, limp at injection site</p>	<p>1. Do not receive this vaccine if you are allergic to yeast 2. It will not protect against Hepatitis B if you are already infected with the virus 3. Report pregnancy or breast feeding 4. Patient will receive three doses (dose depending on age) via IM on a 0, 1, and 6 month schedule</p>
<p>Hepatitis B Immune Globulin</p>	<p>Immune globulins</p>	<p>Prevents patient from getting sick if they have been exposed to the Hepatitis B virus, and in babies born to mothers infected with Hepatitis B</p>	<p>IV or IM</p>	<p>Y N</p>	<p>IV or IM via infusion pump</p>	<p>* N/V, diarrhea, upset stomach * mild rash * pain, redness, bruising, tenderness at injection site * tremors * cold symptoms</p>	<p>1. Give within 12 hours after birth 2. Baby should also receive hepatitis B vaccine in addition to hepatitis B immune globulin 3. If baby does not receive the first hepatitis B vaccine before 3 mo of age, second dose of hepatitis B immune globulin must be given 4. Frequent blood tests required</p>

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Allergies: \_\_\_\_\_

						- stuffy nose, sneezing, sore throat	
				Y N			1. 2. 3. 4.