

Maternal Medication Worksheet - Current Medications & PRN for Last 24 Hours

Allergies: NKA

Primary IV Fluid and Infusion Rate (ml/hr)	Circle IVF Type	Rationale for IVF	Lab Values to Assess Related to IVF	Contraindications/Complications
	Isotonic/ Hypotonic/ Hypertonic			

Generic Name	Pharmacologic Classification	Therapeutic Reason	Dose, Route & Schedule	Correct Dose? If not, what is correct dose?	IVP - List solution to dilute and rate to push. IVPB - List mL/hr and time to give	Adverse Effects	Appropriate Nursing Assessment, Teaching, Interventions (Precautions/Contraindications, Etc.)
Oxytocin	Recombinant Hormone	Induction of Labor/uterine contractions		Y N		Uterine hyperstimulation Fetal Heart Rate Decelerations	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Continuous monitoring of fetal health rate due to possible effects to the fetus during labor. 2. Monitor pt. for nausea and vomiting; provide emesis bag. 3. Closely monitor contractions due to possible tachysystole. 4. Continuous monitoring of maternal heartrate due to possible tachycardia and bradycardia.
Magnesium Sulfate	Mineral	Prevention of seizures Preeclampsia Stop preterm labor		Y N		Osteopenia	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Lab values drawn on patient due to possible low calcium levels. 2. Monitor respiratory rate due to possible effects to breathing. 3. Assess LOC due to possible mental confusion 4. Take BP consistently due to possible hypotension.
Meperidine	Narcotic	Moderate to severe pain		Y N		Respiratory Depression	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Place patient in upright position to aid respirations 2. Use call light when getting out of bed due to effects of drowsiness and dizziness. 3. Educate patient that medication cannot be

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							used prior to laboring due to risk to the fetus. 4. Provide emesis bag and monitor patient for N/V after administration of medication.
Promethazine	Phenothiazine	Nausea and Vomiting		Y N		Bradypnea Respiratory Depression	1. Monitor and assess LOC of patient due to side effects of drowsiness 2. Use call when getting out of bed to fall risk from drowsiness. 3. Place patient in left lateral or upright position to assist breathing and respirations. 4. Monitor urinary status due to possible retention of urine; catheterization
Calcium Gluconate	Antidotes Calcium Salts	Hypocalcemia		Y N		Hypotension Bradycardia	1. Assess Vitals frequently due to possible effects to cardiac system/BP 2. Provide assistance with N/V; emesis bag; monitor for stomach upset. 3. Closely monitor IV due to possible effect of extravasation necrosis. 4. Monitor infusion closely due to rapid infusion causing negative effects to cardiac system.

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Phytonadione	Vitamin K	Blood clotting		Y N		Anaphylaxis	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Monitor patient for pain and soreness at the injection site. 2. Assess patient for rapid heartbeat due to effects on HR. 3. Count a full minute of RR due to possible SOB. 4. Draw lab values to assess for blood disorders, kidney disorders, or liver disease.
Erythromycin Ophthalmic Ointment	Antibiotic	Conjunctivitis Stop growth of bacteria		Y N		Temporary Vision Impairment	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Assess patient for eye irritation and redness from ointment. 2. Educate caregiver/patient about possible blurred vision from ointment application. 3. Use this medication only as prescribed and advised by medical professionals. 4. Monitor patient for signs of anaphylaxis; SOB or swelling of the eye.
Engerix B	Vaccine	Hepatitis B vaccine		Y N		Anaphylaxis	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Educate caregiver that this vaccine only protects against Hep B, and no other form of this virus. 2. Assess lab values for indications of blood disorders such as hemophilia or liver disease prior to administering. 3. Do not administer this medication if the infant is diagnosed with multiple sclerosis. 4. Monitor infant for anaphylaxis due to unknown reaction to his vaccine; first

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							exposure.
Hepatitis B Immune Globulin	Immune Globin	Prevention of Hepatitis B		Y N		Anaphylaxis	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Assess LOC due to possible confusion 2. Monitor patient vision due to temporary impairment to vision. 3. Assess injection site for redness, swelling or allergic reaction. 4. Educate patient/caregiver on the reasoning for this injection and its effects/protection.
				Y N			<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 2. 3. 4.