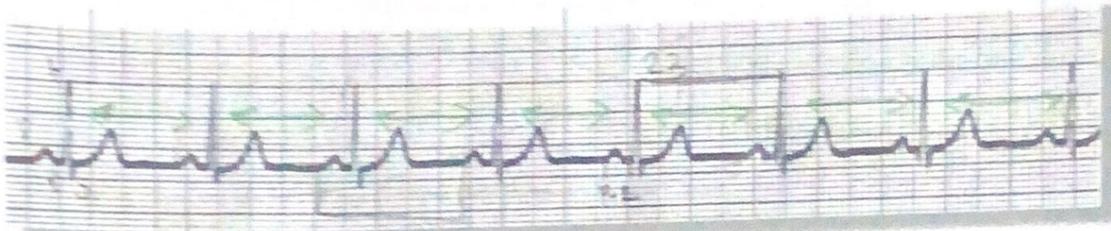


Analecta Rates

Rhythm Strips Analysis for Practice

□ → 0.04
□ → 0.20

Practice #1:

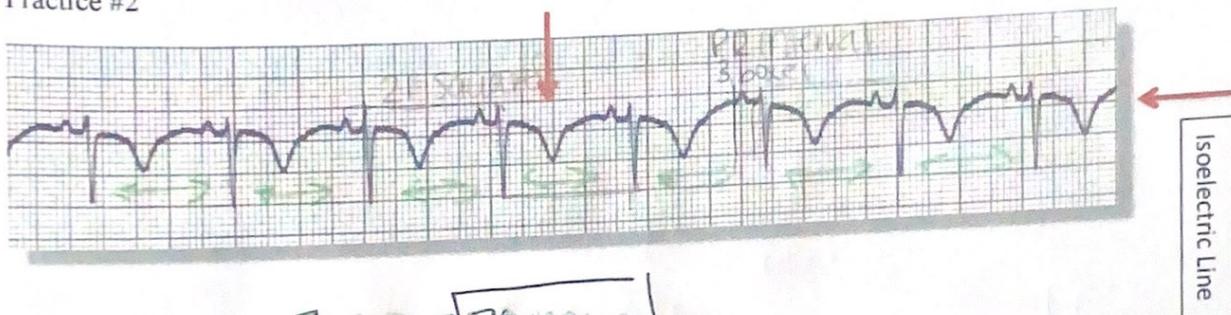


- $7 \times 10 = 70 \text{ bpm}$
1. What is the Rate? $23 \text{ boxes PR interval rate} = \text{HR} = \frac{1500}{23} = 65 \text{ bpm}$
(Look at the atrial rate: P-P or ventricular rate: R-R)
2. Is there a "P" wave with every "QRS" complex? YES, each QRS has a P wave upright
3. What is the width of the "QRS"? 2 squares → 0.08 seconds
4. What is the length of the "PR" interval? 4 squares → 0.16 seconds
5. What is the rhythm? Normal sinus rhythm
6. Any complications with this rhythm? None
7. What interventions are anticipated? Monitor for any changes in rhythm.

Francisca Robles

Rhythm Strips Analysis for Part I of Intro to EKG

Practice #2

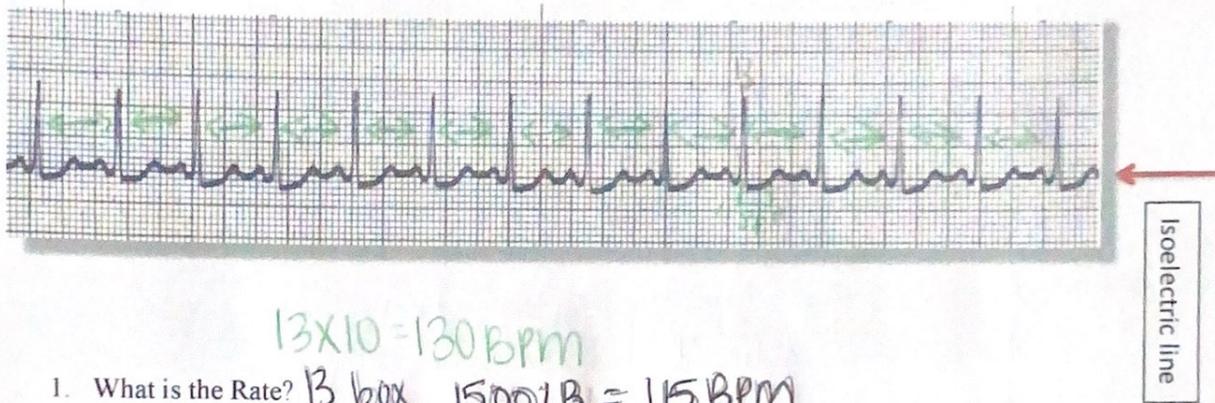


1. What is the Rate? $7 \times 10 = 70 \text{ bpm}$
(Look at the atrial rate: P-P or ventricular rate: R-R) $500 / 21 = 71.4 \rightarrow 71 \text{ bpm}$
2. Is there a "P" wave with every "QRS" complex? Yes, upright P with every QRS
3. What is the width of the "QRS"? 2 squares $\rightarrow 0.04 \times 2 \rightarrow 0.08 \text{ sec}$
4. What is the length of the "PR" interval? 3 boxes $\rightarrow 0.04 \times 3 \rightarrow 0.12 \text{ sec}$
5. What is the rhythm? Sinus rhythm with inverted T wave
6. Any complications with this rhythm? Ischemia
7. What interventions are anticipated? Oxygen, ^{cardiac} assessment, 12 lead EKG, call physician with results

Analia Robles

Rhythm Strips Analysis for Part I of Intro to EKG

Practice #3



$$13 \times 10 = 130 \text{ BPM}$$

1. What is the Rate? $1500 / 13 = 115 \text{ BPM}$
(Look at the atrial rate: P-P or ventricular rate: R-R)
2. Is there a "P" wave with every "QRS" complex? Yes, upright P with every QRS
3. What is the width of the "QRS"? 2 Squares \rightarrow 0.08 sec
4. What is the length of the "PR" interval? 3 Squares \rightarrow 0.12 sec
5. What is the rhythm? Sinus Tachycardia with extended "ST"
6. Any complications with this rhythm? Loss of Atrial relax and refill time
7. What interventions are anticipated?
 - possible hypovolemia \rightarrow IV fluids
 - medication
 - Treat cause

Anallicia Koble

Rhythm Strips Analysis for Part I of Intro to EKG

Practice #4

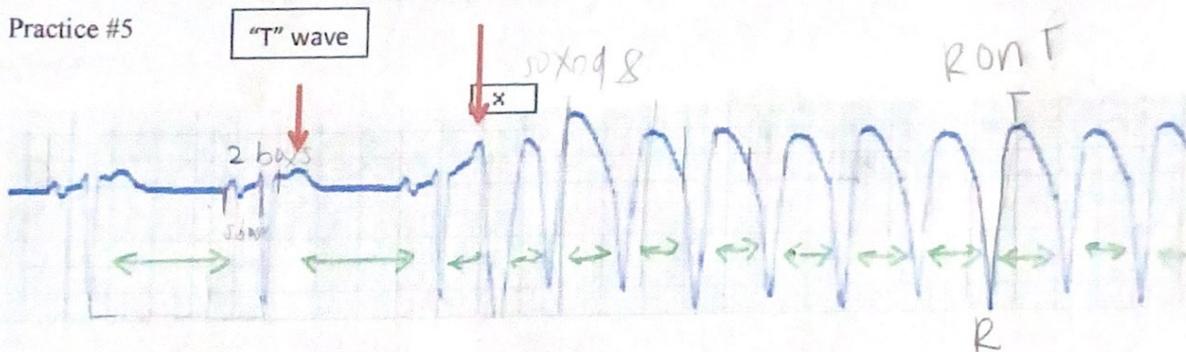


$$11 = 11 \times 10 = 110 \text{ bpm}$$

1. What is the Rate? $15 \times 100/8 = 187.5 \rightarrow 187 \text{ bpm}$
(Look at the atrial rate: P-P or ventricular rate: R-R)
2. Is there a "P" wave with every "QRS" complex? NO not a P with QRS
3. What is the width of the "QRS"? 2 Squares $\Rightarrow 0.4 \times 2 \Rightarrow 0.08 \text{ sec}$
4. What is the length of the "PR" interval? NO PR
5. What is the rhythm? Paroxysmal Atrial fibrillation with Rapid Ventricular Response (RVR)
6. Any complications with this rhythm? NO contraction of Atrial
7. What interventions are anticipated? medication \rightarrow antiarrhythmic
If hemodynamically stable \rightarrow blood pressure is good
synchronized cardioversion
If hemodynamically unstable \rightarrow blood pressure not good

Rhythm Strips Analysis for Part I of Intro to EKG

Practice #5



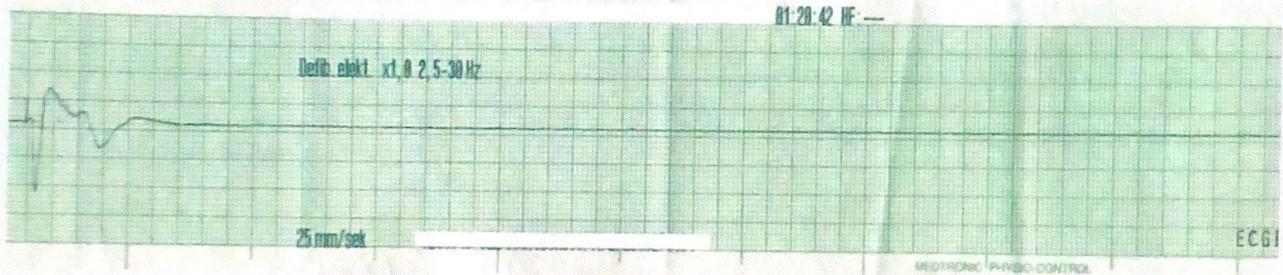
$$12 \times 10 = 120$$

1. What is the Rate? $20 \text{ boxes } 1500/20 \Rightarrow 75$ first 3 \Rightarrow V-tach the rest
(Look at the atrial rate: P-P or ventricular rate: R-R)
2. Is there a "P" wave with every "QRS" complex? First 3 QRS yes
3. What is the width of the "QRS"? First 3 $0.08 \text{ sec} / 8 \text{ boxes} \Rightarrow 0.32$ abnormal
4. What is the length of the "PR" interval? $5 \text{ boxes} \rightarrow 0.04 \times 5 \rightarrow 20 \text{ sec}$
5. What is the rhythm? R on T phenomenon V-Tach
6. Any complications with this rhythm? loss of perfusion
7. What interventions are anticipated? vagal maneuver if stable
medication, Defibrillator pads & shock
with CPR

Analicia Kobles

Rhythm Strips Analysis for Part I of Intro to EKG

Practice #6

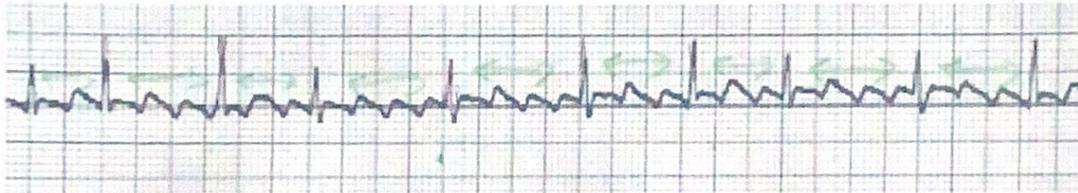


1. What is the Rate? *See if patient is responding if so not asystole*
(Look at the atrial rate: P-P or ventricular rate: R-R)
2. Is there a "P" wave with every "QRS" complex? *NO p' wave*
3. What is the width of the "QRS"? *4 boxes → 16s*
4. What is the length of the "PR" interval? *NO PR interval*
5. What is the rhythm? *Asystole → Flatline*
6. Any complications with this rhythm? *→ Death no heart rhythm*
7. What interventions are anticipated? *Not a rhythm to defibrillate, CPR
check leads*

Anallia Kodes

Rhythm Strips Analysis for Part I of Intro to EKG

Practice #7



1. What is the Rate? 15-17 boxes About 100 Bpm $9 \times 10 = 90 \text{ bpm}$
(Look at the atrial rate: P-P or ventricular rate: R-R)
2. Is there a "P" wave with every "QRS" complex? NO P waves Vapid \rightarrow f waves
3. What is the width of the "QRS"? 2 boxes 0.08 normal
4. What is the length of the "PR" interval? NO PR intervals
5. What is the rhythm? Atrial flutter \rightarrow Atrial beats too quickly
6. Any complications with this rhythm? Decreased cardiac output / Stroke
7. What interventions are anticipated? Synchronized cardioversion
first 48 hrs or blood pressure is unstable
if more than 48 hrs and blood pressure
is stable anticoagulation therapy

Analysis Roubles

Rhythm Strips Analysis for Part I of Intro to EKG

Practice #8



$6 \times 10 = 60 \text{ bpm}$

1. What is the Rate?
(Look at the atrial rate: P-P or ventricular rate: R-R)
2. Is there a "P" wave with every "QRS" complex? Yes, upright P with QRS
3. What is the width of the "QRS"? 4 boxes \rightarrow 165
4. What is the length of the "PR" interval? 12 boxes \rightarrow 0.48 sec
5. What is the rhythm? Sinus rhythm with 1st degree AV Block & ST elevation ^{MI}
6. Any complications with this rhythm? MI can result in death
7. What interventions are anticipated? MONIA protocol \rightarrow MI