

Maternal Medication Worksheet – Current Medications & PRN for Last 24 Hours

Allergies: _____

Primary IV Fluid and Infusion Rate (ml/hr)	Circle IVF Type	Rationale for IVF	Lab Values to Assess Related to IVF	Contraindications/Complications
	Isotonic/ Hypotonic/ Hypertonic			

Generic Name	Pharmacologic Classification	Therapeutic Reason	Dose, Route & Schedule	Correct Dose? If not, what is correct dose?	IVP – List solution to dilute and rate to push. IVPB – List mL/hr and time to give	Adverse Effects	Appropriate Nursing Assessment, Teaching, Interventions (Precautions/Contraindications, Etc.)
Oxytocin	Oxytocic hormones	To begin or improve contractions during labor	20mu/min (augmentation) 40mu/min (induction)	Y N	Start at an infusion rate of 1-5mu/min (6-30ml/hr) Dilute in 1000mL isotonic solutions	Bradycardia, tachycardia, excessive bleeding after childbirth, severe headache, blurred vision, weakness	1. Monitor intake and output 2. monitor for signs of fetal distress 3. assess fetal presentation and station prior to administering 4. restrict fluid intake
Magnesium Sulfate	Antidysrhythmic	Prevents seizures, prevents uterine contractions	IV Loading dose (4-6g over 15-20 min) Continuous (1-2g/hr)	Y N	15-20 min Do not dilute	Heart disturbances, breathing difficulties, poor reflexes, confusion, weakness, sweating, hypotension	1. watch for signs of magnesium intoxication 2. cardiac monitor should be used 3. have calcium gluconate on hand 4. contraindicated w myocardial damage, heart block, or impaired renal function
Meperidine	Opioid analgesics	Relieves moderate to severe pain	50-150 mg PO/SC/IM/IV Q3-	Y N	10mg/ml concentration Push over 2-5 minutes	Lightheadedness, headache, agitation, constipation, blurred vision,	1. keep naloxone at hand 2. monitor for signs of respiratory depression 3. use call light when getting up 4. contraindicated in patient with renal impairment

Student Name: _____

Unit: _____

Pt. Initials: _____

Date: _____

Newborn Medication Worksheet - Current Medications & PRN for Last 24 Hours

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			4hrs. prn pain			dry mouth	
Promethazine	Antihistamine, antiemetic	Treats nausea and vomiting	6.25-25 PO tid- qid prn 25- 50mg PO/IM	Y N		Dry mouth, drowsiness, listlessness, insomnia, nightmares, dizziness	1. avoid exposure to sunlight 2. get up slowly 3. report signs of allergic reaction immediately 4. avoid breastfeeding while using
Calcium Gluconate	Antidotes, calcium salts	Reduces hemorrhage and treats hypocalcemia	1-2g IV q6h prn 45-50 mg PO	Y N	50-100 mL NS over 10-60 minutes	Nausea, vomiting, decreased appetite, constipation, dry mouth	1. contraindicated in hypercalcemia 2. monitor for s/s of digitalis toxicity 3. encourage fluid intake 4. encourage ambulation

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Phytonadione	Vitamin K	Prevents bleeding in pts. w/ blood clotting issues	2.5-25 mg PO 10 mg SC/IM/IV prn	Y N	50 mL NS or D5W over 60 minutes	Temporary flushing, rapid heartbeat, sweating, SOB	2. Do not give IV push 2. use caution in neonates 3. report chest pain 4. report weakness or lightheadedness
Erythromycin Ophthalmic Ointment	Macrolide antibiotics	Protects against bacterial eye	Ointment- 0.5% 6 times	Y N		Stinging, burning, redness, blurred	1. wipe excess ointment from eyelashes 2. pull lower eyelid away from eye to apply

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		infections	a day for 7-10 days			vision	3. do not touch applicator tip to eye 4. monitor for overgrowth of nonsusceptible organisms
Engerix B	Vaccine, inactivated, viral	Protects against hepatitis B	IM- Anterolateral thigh 0.5 ml 3 doses (0,1, and 6 months)	Y N		Injection site irritation, fever, nausea, diarrhea, loss of appetite	1. caution if immunocompromised 2. monitor injection site 3. timely administration is important for infants 4. caution if over 60 years of age
Hepatitis B Immune Globulin	antiviral	Gives antibodies that provide temporary immunity	0.06 ml/kg/dose IM within 24 hrs of exposure	Y N		Headache, erythema, myalgia, malaise, nausea, vomiting	1. keep hydrated 2. infuse medication slowly 3. report signs of respiratory distress 4. caution in patients over 65
				Y N			1. 2. 3. 4.