

Student Name: _____

Unit: _____

Pt. Initials: _____

Date: _____

Maternal Medication Worksheet - Current Medications & PRN for Last 24 Hours**Allergies:** _____

Primary IV Fluid and Infusion Rate (ml/hr)	Circle IVF Type	Rationale for IVF	Lab Values to Assess Related to IVF	Contraindications/Complications
	Isotonic/ Hypotonic/ Hypertonic			

Generic Name	Pharmacologic Classification	Therapeutic Reason	Dose, Route & Schedule	Correct Dose? If not, what is correct dose?	IVP - List solution to dilute and rate to push. IVPB - List mL/hr and time to give	Adverse Effects	Appropriate Nursing Assessment, Teaching, Interventions (Precautions/Contraindications, Etc.)
Oxytocin	Endocrine-metabolic agent	Uterine Stimulant		Y N	Dilute 10 units in 1000mL NS or LR	Nausea, vomiting, cardiac dysrhythmia	1. BBW: data is inadequate to evaluate benefits to risk considerations, this is not indicated for elective induction of labor 2. Monitor uterine activity 3. Monitor fetal heart rate 4. Continuous administration in necessary
Magnesium Sulfate	Parenteral Mineral-Trace Mineral	Anti-inflammatory		Y N	Dilute with D5W or NS to a concentration of 20% or less Max infusion rate 150mg/min, except in severe eclampsia with seizures	Flushing, sweating, hypotension, hyporeflexia, CNS depressant	1. Monitor serum magnesium 2. Monitor RR in preeclampsia to rule out toxemia 3. Monitor magnesium supplementation 4. should not take magnesium sulfate if pregnant
Meperidine	Opioid	Analgesic		Y N	Slow IV injection with a diluted solution recommended	Sweating, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, lightheadedness	1. BBW: protentional for addiction, abuse and misuse 2. advise patient to avoid activities that require mental alertness 3. teach patient to report severe constipation and difficulty breathing 4. teach patients s/s of hypotension and syncope (dizziness and blurred vision)
Promethazine	Phenothiazine	GI agent, nausea /vomiting		Y N	Administer at a concentration no greater than 25mg/mL and a rate no greater than 25mg/min	N/V, anticholinergic effects, CNS	1. BBW: shouldn't be given tot pediatrics: respiratory depression 2. do not administer in hand/wrist IV. Need

Student Name: _____

Unit: _____

Pt. Initials: _____

Date: _____

Newborn Medication Worksheet - Current Medications & PRN for Last 24 Hours

Allergies: _____

						depression, jaundice, apnea	large bore IV 3. avoid long exposure to sunlight 4. monitor for improved n/v
Calcium Gluconate	Parenteral mineral-trace mineral	Antidote for magnesium sulfate		Y N	Inject at a rate of 1.5mL/min not exceeding a rate of 200mg/min by continuous infusion	Abnormal taste in mouth flatulence, constipation	1. monitor serum calcium levels 2. teach patient they could experiencing tingling sensations 3. teach s/s of hypotension 4. monitor magnesium sulfate levels

Primary IV Fluid and Infusion Rate (ml/hr)	Circle IVF Type	Rationale for IVF	Lab Values to Assess Related to IVF	Contraindications/Complications
	Isotonic/ Hypotonic/ Hypertonic			

Generic Name	Pharmacologic Classification	Therapeutic Reason	Dose, Route & Schedule	Correct Dose? If not, what is correct dose?	IVP - List solution to dilute and rate to push. IVPB - List mL/hr and time to give	Adverse Effects	Appropriate Nursing Assessment, Teaching, Interventions (Precautions/Contraindications, Etc.)
Phytonadione	Nutritive agent	Clotting factor for the baby		Y N	Dilute in NS or D5W in a minimum of 50mL and infuse over a minimum of 20 min	Cardiac arrest, shock, metabolic acidosis, CNS depression	2. BBW: severe reactions including fatalities 2. monitor the reduction of bleeding 3. teach patient to report any rashes 4. treatment is symptomatic and supportive
Erythromycin Ophthalmic Ointment	antibiotic	Infection treatment		Y N		Diarrhea, loss of appetite, nausea, stomach cramps	1. instruct patient to report severe diarrhea 2. monitor for resolution of fever or elevated WBC 3. avoid eyes and all mucus membranes 4. monitor creatine kinase
Engerix B	Vaccine	Prevent infection of hep B		Y N		Injection site reaction, diarrhea, nausea and	1. review dosing schedule with patient 2. do not admin IV or intradermally 3. do not mix in same syringe as other vaccines

Student Name: _____

Unit: _____

Pt. Initials: _____

Date: _____

Maternal Medication Worksheet - Current Medications & PRN for Last 24 Hours

Allergies: _____

						asthenia	4. teach patient to avoid alcohol and tobacco
Hepatitis B Immune Globulin	Immune serum	Prophylaxis against hep B		Y N	Rate of 2mL/min	Redness at injection site, n/ v	1. teach patient that medication could cause thrombotic events 2. do not shake vial to avoid foaming 3. teach patient to avoid live vaccines 4. monitor blood viscosity
				Y N			1. 2. 3. 4.