

Jenna Dixon

### Scenario 1: Seizure disorder

1. What priority problem did you identify for Jackson Weber?
  - Jackson main problem was ineffective airway clearance. When having a seizure Jackson is unable to clear secretions.
2. What complications might Jackson Weber face if safety precautions are not taken during the seizure activity and if treatment is not implemented after the seizure?
  - If safety precautions are not taken during a seizure Jackson could hit his head and have head trauma, or could aspirate if not turned on his side.
3. What key elements would you include in the handoff report for this patient? Consider the situation-background-assessment-recommendation (SBAR) format.
  - During an SBAR report I would make sure to include neuro assessment findings, any previous seizures, how long they lasted and when they occurred and interventions that I had been applying.
4. Reflecting on Jackson Weber's case, were there any actions you would do differently? If so, what were these actions, and why would you do them differently?
  - I would have checked the patient's bed for any loose items for safety measures and I would also give Jackson a safety alert bracelet as part of my education.
5. Describe how you would apply the knowledge and skills you obtained in Jackson Weber's case to an actual patient care situation.
  - I can apply when or when not to call the provider, to not only identify the patient but also any family standing at the bedside, and how to manage stress a little better in a real clinical situation.

### Scenario 5: Anaphylaxis

1. List in order of priority your initial nursing actions identified for Charlie Snow based on physical findings and family interaction.
  - Calling provider for medications, administering epinephrine, maintaining an open airway, increasing supplemental oxygen, monitoring vital signs, administering IV fluids and then other medications needed
2. What complications might Charlie Snow face if symptoms are not recognized and treated in a timely manner?
  - If symptoms are not recognized in a timely manner Charlie's airway will keep closing up causing him to have problems perfusing which could lead to hypoxia
3. What key elements would you include in the handoff report for this patient? Consider the situation-background-assessment-recommendation (SBAR) format.
  - Last taken vital signs, patients' current condition, respiratory assessment, and stress patients' allergies.

4. Reflecting on Charlie Snow's case, were there any actions you would do differently? If so, what were these actions, and why would you do them differently?
  - I would ask the relative for any known health problems, ask the patient if he had any difficulty breathing, and I would assess the pain level of the patient when taking vital signs
  
5. Describe how you would apply the knowledge and skills that you obtained in Charlie Snow's case to an actual patient care situation.
  - When I start noticing any significant changes with the vital signs, I know to call the HCP immediately. After going through this Vsim I can apply how important it is to always remember to ask the patient for allergies and get a pain rating.