

## Medication/ Math

### 1. Answer: Yes

$$350 \text{ mg} / 25 \text{ mL} = 14 \text{ mg/mL}$$

The dilution is appropriate.

### 2. Answer: 18 mg /10 ml = 1.8 mg/mL

### 3. Answer: B. 1.200 mg every 4 hours

$$\begin{array}{l} 200 \text{ mg} \times 30 \text{ kg} = 6,000 \text{ mg} \\ 300 \text{ mg} \times 30 \text{ kg} = 9,000 \text{ mg} \end{array} > \text{ in 24 hours}$$

A 30 kg child can receive 6,000-9,000mg of piperacillin sodium in 24 hours

$$1,200 \times 6 = 7,200 \text{ mg in 24 hours}$$

7,200 mg in 24 hrs. is within the range.

### 4. Answer: Yes

Recommended range = 1,000 mg – 1,500 mg

$$50 \text{ mg} \times 20 \text{ kg} = 1000 \text{ mg}$$

kg

$$75 \text{ mg} \times 20 \text{ kg} = 1,500 \text{ mg}$$

Kg

### 5. Answer: Yes, the medication is within the recommended range.

$$50 \text{ mg} \times 20 \text{ kg} = 1,000 \text{ mg in 24 hr}$$

kg

$$75 \text{ mg} \times 20 \text{ kg} = 1,500 \text{ mg in 24 hr}$$

kg

$$1000 \text{ mg} / 24 \text{ hr.} = 500 \text{ mg} / 12 \text{ hours}$$

2 doses

$$1500 \text{ mg} / 24 \text{ hr.} = 750 \text{ mg} / 12 \text{ hours}$$

2 doses

700 mg is within the range

**6. Answer: B. 400 mg every 8 hours**

30 kg x 40 mg = 1,200 mg in 24 hours

- A. 200 mg every 6 hours  
200 mg x 4 = 800mg
- B. 400 mg every 8 hours**  
400 mg x 3 = 1,200 mg
- C. 100 mg every 12 hours  
100 mg x 2 = 200 mg
- D. 1,200 mg every 24 hours

**7. Answer: 50 mL/hr**

25 mL x 60 gtt/mL

30 minutes

= 1,500 /30 = **50 mL/hr**

**Additional Practice Problems Answers**

1. 80 mg x 6.5 kg = 520 mg  
kg  
520 mg = **260 mg**  
2

90 mg x 6.5 kg = 585 mg  
Kg  
585 mg = **292.5 mg**  
2

**The recommended range is 260 mg to 292.5 mg every 12 hours.**

Desired = 275 mg = **5.5 ml**  
Have 50 ml

**The nurse will administer 5.5 ml of amoxicillin every 12 hours.**

2. **Answer: C. contact the primary care provider regarding a dose exceeding the recommended range**

$$1.1 \text{ grams} \times 2 = 2.2 \text{ grams}$$

2.2 grams exceeded to a total dose of 2 gm/hr

3. **Answer A. administer the medication at 50 mL/hr**

$$\frac{640 \text{ mg}}{25 \text{ ml}} = 25.6 \text{ mg/ml}$$

25 ml

Dilution/concentration = 25.6 mg/ml

$$40 \text{ mg} \times 16 \text{ kg} = 640 \text{ mg}$$

kg

Recommended dose = 640 mg/kg every 8 hours

$$15 \text{ min} = 100 \text{ ml/hr}$$

$$\frac{25 \text{ ml} \times 60}{15} = 100 \text{ ml/hr}$$

15

$$30 \text{ min} = 50 \text{ ml/hr}$$

$$\frac{25 \text{ ml} \times 60}{30} = 50 \text{ ml/hr}$$

30

4. **Answer: c. 100**

$$\frac{50 \text{ ml} \times 60 \text{ min}}{20 \text{ min}} = 150 \text{ ml/hr}$$

20 min hr.

$$\frac{50 \text{ ml}}{0.5 \text{ hr}} = 100 \text{ ml/hr}$$

0.5 hr.

50 and 75 is low, 160 is too high