

Slide 42 to 51

42.
 - A. 90bpm Normal Sinus Rhythm (normal rate, and normal pqrst)
 - B. 70bpm Heart Block 1 (Prolonged Pr interval)
43.
 - A. 60bpm Heart Bloc 3 (multiple P waves)
 - B. 30bpm ST depression (ST segment is lower than the rest denoting injury and ischemia. Could be a sign that the patient is having an MI?)
44.
 - A. 130bpm Tachycardia (tachycardia has a rate of 101-200)
 - B. 130bpm Tachycardia with St depression? (The rate is high but the ST segment appears to be low)
45.
 - A. 190bpm A-Fib (cant make out P or T wave)
 - B. 210bpm A-Fib (cant make out P or T wave)
46.
 - A. 70bpm A Fib (couldn't make out P or T wave)
 - B. 90bpm A Flutter (shark tooth)
47.
 - A. 160bpm Super Ventricular Tachycardia
 - B. bpm? V Fib
48. Asystole (first course of action should be to check pulse and begin CPR)
49.
 - A. Pace Maker?
 - B. bpm? V Fib (Looks like one large squiggly line)
50.
 - A. Pacemaker
 - B. ST Elevation
51.
 - A. Bigemony
 - B. Trigemony
 - C. Quadgemony????