



**Chart note:**
**Braden Risk Assessment Tool**

|                    |    |  |
|--------------------|----|--|
| Sensory Perception | 2  | Q4 & PRN pressure injury inspection                                      |
| Moisture           | 3  | Clean and protect with barrier paste, external urinary collection device |
| Activity           | 1  | Suspend heels with heels up  |
| Mobility           | 2  | Q2 turns; limit time on back   |
| Nutrition          | 3  | Minimized disruption of tube feeds; Nutrition consult                    |
| Friction/Shear     | 2  | Maintain sling under patient to move and reposition                      |
| Total              | 13 |  |

WOC seeing 68-year-old female for NPWT dressing change to right groin. Patient admitted for fall on 9/2 with surgical intervention for open treatment of left femoral shaft and supracondylar femur fracture and repair of right femoral fracture with incisional dehiscence. Patient with past medical history of hypertension, malignant breast tumor, pulmonary embolism, fat embolism, and osteoarthritis. The patient was greeted in bed with spouse at bedside. WOC role explained, and patient and spouse agreed to evaluation and wound VAC change. Old dressing removed and right groin evaluated to reveal full thickness wound with adjacent surgical incision approximated with staples at 6-7 o'clock. Wound cleansed and measured at 3.8cm x 3.5cm x 7cm. Wound is red, pink, with scattered adipose tissue visualized in the wound bed; copious amount of thin yellow effluent; no odor noted. Wound edges poorly defined; periwound macerated and erythematous with large area of induration, involving the adjacent surgical incision. Large amount of yellow-greenish purulent drainage expressed from different point of entry at 6-7 o'clock relative to the primary wound at the beginning of the surgical incision. Depth measures 6cm under the surgical incision. Wound irrigated with normal saline and wound cultures obtained from the primary wound and the wound under the incision line, inserting a separate swab to the full depth of each wound. Wound then irrigated with Vashe. 3M no-sting barrier film applied to periwound before draping around the primary wound. 1- piece black Granufoam filled into the wound with suction at -125mmHg. Sutured surgical incision covered with Aquacel Ag, 4x4 gauze, and secured with Tegaderm. Patient tolerated dressing change and required no pain medication. WOC will continue to follow this patient. Surgical resident paged to make aware of induration under surgical incision and asked to further evaluate for possible abscess formation. Bedside RN made aware of the plan of care.

If device leaking or dressing integrity compromised, unit RN should assess dressing and device prior to paging WOC. If therapy remains off for greater than 2 hours, a rescue dressing of saline-moistened gauze should be applied. Please reference WOC website on portal page for troubleshooting NPWT. If any new deterioration noted prior to WOC follow up, please alert the attending service and contact WOC via Vocera pager Mon-Fri, Day shift. To reach the WOC RN, please search WOC in Vocera and select the appropriate distribution list. For any new WOC related issues that develop, please place a new WOC consult.

Using the information from the chart note, develop a plan of care to be executed by other members of the healthcare team in your absence. Statements should be directive and holistic. Write as nursing orders.

(Save the document by clinical date & preceptor last name before submitting to your dropbox each clinical day)

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**WOC Plan of Care (include specific products)**

- \*Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water before any wound care.
- \*Monitor the system for proper suction, which should cause the dressing to collapse.
- \*Regularly check that the tubing is not kinked or compressed, and that the canister is secure.
- \*Change the canister as instructed, usually when two-thirds full or at least weekly.
- \*Monitor and assess the wound for increased redness, odor, or drainage, and contact the provider if you suspect an infection.
- \*Ensure adequate nutrition to support wound healing.
- \*Contact WOC if the dressing is not holding suction, the wound vac is malfunctioning, or you are unable to find a leak or fix a persistent problem with the seal.
- \*Remove VAC dressing and place normal saline moist dressing, if therapy has been off for more than two hours while the system was not working properly.

**Describe your thoughts related to the care provided. What would you have done differently**

The care I provided was not outside of what is standard at my facility. There is nothing I would have done differently. I was a little flustered because my patient passed away. His VAC dressing was in his chest, and it was painful to remove. It bothered me a little that I caused him pain as such a critical time but how could one suspect his outcome.

You should have a learning goal for each clinical day. What was your goal for the day? Was it met? Why or why not?

**Goals****What was your goal for the day?**

My goal for the day was to attempt to get a continence patient but I did not have any, unfortunately. I was thinking that my patient with the sacral ulcers might have stemmed from incontinence but is ulcers were directly related to sitting in a wheelchair all day.

**What is/are your learning goal(s) for tomorrow? (Share learning goal with preceptor)**

I again will try to see more continence patients. I do not have many of them that I have seen this clinical session.

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| CRITICAL ELEMENTS   | Completed | Missing |
|---|-----------|---------|
| Medical record note reflects that of a specialist:  |           |         |
| • Identifies why the patient is being seen  | ✓         |         |
| • Describes the encounter including assessment, interactions, any actions, education provided and responses | ✓         |         |
| • Completes Braden Scale for inpatient encounter  | ✓         |         |
| • Includes pertinent PMH, HPI, current medications and labs   | ✓         |         |
| • Identifies specific products utilized/recommended for use   | ✓         |         |
| • Identifies overall recommendations/plan   | ✓         |         |
| Plan of Care Development:   |           |         |
| • POC is focused and holistic   | ✓         |         |
| • WOC nursing concerns and medical conditions, co-morbidities are incorporated                              | ✓         |         |
| • Braden subscales addressed (if pertinent)   | ✓         |         |
| • Statements direct care of the patient in the absence of the WOC nurse                                     | ✓         |         |
| • Directives are written as nursing orders  | ✓         |         |
| Thoughts Related to Visit:  |           |         |
| • Critical thinking utilized to reflect on patient encounter  | ✓         |         |
| • Identifies alternatives/what would have done differently  | ✓         |         |
| Learning goal identified  | ✓         |         |

Reviewed by: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

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