

Daily Journal Entry with Plan of Care & Chart NoteStudent Name: Roxanne Britt Day/Date: 3/24/25Number of Clinical Hours Today: 8Care Setting: Hospital Ambulatory Care Home Care Other Preceptor: K. Nicki BlasioloClinical Focus: Wound Ostomy Continence

This assignment should be WOC focused and approached as both patient documentation and critical thinking development. Complete each section of the document. Once you have completed the form, save the document by clinical date and preceptor. Submit to your Practicum Course dropbox for instructor review & feedback. Journals should be submitted to your dropbox no later than **48 hours** following the clinical experience day. See samples in course Resource area to assist you with this assignment.

Reflection: Describe your patient encounters & types of patients seen.

Inpatient hospital wound rounds 3/24/25.

All patients have orders in place for turning and rotation schedule every two unless otherwise specified for pressure redistribution.

All beds at Akron General/Cleveland Clinic Hospital are low air loss and have weight redistribution properties for pressure redistribution and pressure injury prevention per preceptor's report.

3 follow up visits on inpatient medical surgical floor:

68y/o female BLE wounds and stage 2 PI to coccyx. Wounds cleansed with wound wash and gauze. Allevyn foam dsq applied to coccyx. LL ext healed and d/c dsq order placed. New order to apply Aquaphor to L lower leg BID for moisture written. RL ext Xeroform applied and secured with kerlix gauze and paper tape to gauze only.

67y/o female MASD to abd skin folds and no open lesions seen. No changes to orders. Cont with zinc oxide cream. BLE wounds cleansed with wound wash. Adaptic applied for contact layer and calcium alginate applied to both wounds for mild serous exudate. Dsg secured with gauze and paper tape to gauze only. Tubigrip stockings applied from toe web to just below popliteal spaces for 10mmHg for light compression.

88y/o female unstageable PI to coccyx with Mesalt dressing. Wound cleansed with wound wash and measured. Mesalt dressing was applied but order to be change to methylene blue foam dressing for antibacterial treatment.

5 initial visits on inpatient medical surgical floor:

(Save the document by clinical date & preceptor last name before submitting to your dropbox each clinical day)

Journals should be submitted to your dropbox no later than **48 hours** following the clinical experience day.

76 y/o male with NPWT to R heel for DFU and coccyx unstageable PI which will be main journal patient.

79 y/o male DTI to coccyx. Blanchable deep maroon intact tissue noted. Zinc oxide applied and Allevyn foam dressing for prophylaxis. Iodine applied to dorsal heads of toes 5 on R foot and 1 on L 5th toe for intact necrotic eschar. Heel boots also applied for offloading.

68y/o DTI eval to L sacral area. Superficial open friction wound noted. Xeroform dressing applied and secured with foam secondary dsg. Large foam dressing also applied to bony prominence L3 to L5 for prophylaxis of pressure. Pt discharging today.

82y/o male post spinal surgery and shear injuries noted bilat from c-collar. Superficial wounds cleansed with wound wash and foam dressing applied. Pillows to offload heels applied. Blanchable erythematous intact skin noted at coccyx and foam dsg applied for PI stage 1. L lower shin with superficial possible shear/friction wound. Eto unk. Wound cleansed with wound wash and xeroform dsg applied and secured with secondary kling gauze and secured with paper tape to gauze.

88y/o male L hip closed fracture with surgery this am. Post operative silver dressing clean and intact, secured with film secondary dsg in place. L elbow with superficial small open wound possible friction/sheer injury and L dorsal hand with skin tear type 2. Wound cleansed with wound wash and xeroform dsg applied and secured with secondary kling gauze dsg and secured with paper tape to gauze. Tubigrip stockings reapplied from toe web to just below popliteal spaces for 10mmHg for light compression.

Per preceptor, due to the acuity of all inpatient patient's health conditions generally only light compression of 10mmHg is applied to avoid taxing CV or Pulmonary statuses.

WOC nurses function as consultants and develop plans of care (POC) for other care givers as a guide to providing care in the WOC nurse's absence. For this part, select one patient who is an example of the identified specialty hours for this clinical day. Write a chart note beginning with a brief, focused history and history of present illness, including why you are seeing the patient. Then, describe the visit including any physical assessment, interactions, interventions, and evaluations. Complete a Braden Scale assessment if this was an inpatient encounter. Identify any specific products used or recommended for use. Remember, this note reflects all that you *did* at your visit, the plan of care reflects your direction/orders *after* the encounter to be performed in your absence.

Chart note:

76-year-old male nonverbal and confused presented to hospital for readmission of chief complaint right heel diabetic ulceration with new onset of increased exudate of the wound with purulent discharge per his residential care facility. He was admitted to inpatient medical-surgical unit on 3/22/25 with R heel diabetic ulcer debridement performed for osteomyelitis. Last hospitalization 2/26/25 for right heel debridement. At that time patient was discharged after hospitalization to LTC facility with NPWT.

PMH: As reported in chart:

(Save the document by clinical date & preceptor last name before submitting to your dropbox each clinical day)

Journals should be submitted to your dropbox no later than **48 hours** following the clinical experience day.

Chest pains
Compression fracture L-7
Constipation
T2DM
Insomnia
Low back pain
Nicotine use disorder
Unspecified non-displaced fracture of sixth cervical vertebra
PVD

PSH: As reported in chart:

Cholecystectomy
Tonsillectomy
2/27/25 PICC line insertion

CC: R heel diabetic ulcer infection

Chart reviewed with pertinent medical history includes:

2/20/25 US Arterial PVR lower extremities obtained and reason for procedure stated PVD. Impression:

Resting right ankle brachial index 1.89.

Right toe brachial index 1.12.

Non-compressible vessels.

Resting left ankle brachial index 2.42.

Left toe brachial index 1.22.

Non-compressible vessels.

MRI 2/22/25 impression: cutaneous ulcer at the right posterior heel with mild underlining calcaneal osteomyelitis.

Surgical report from 2/26/25 for osteomyelitis and R heel debridement. Post operative diagnosis confirmed of heal ulcer right foot with underlying osteomyelitis. Post operative wound measurements 4.5 X 3.5 x2 cm.

Medications:

Melatonin 6mg PO qHS

Polyethylene glycol 17-gram packet PO mixed in fluid of choice daily

Ampicillin-sulbactam 3 Grams IV piggyback in NaCL 0.9% 100mL IV Q 6 hours

Insulin lispro subcutaneous with meals and HS per sliding scale.

Dextrose 15 gram/32 mL give 15 grams oral PRN

Daptomycin 500 mg in NaCL 0.9% 50 mL Q 24 hour

Haloperidol lactate 2 mg IM Q6 hours PRN

Acetaminophen 650 mg PO Q4 hours PRN

Morphine 2 mg IV Q3 hours PRN injection

Dextrose 5% in NaCL 0.9% 75mL/hr IV continuous

Social History: Nicotine use disorder history per chart

(Save the document by clinical date & preceptor last name before submitting to your dropbox each clinical day)

Journals should be submitted to your dropbox no later than **48 hours** following the clinical experience day.

Braden Risk Assessment Tool

Sensory Perception	2
Moisture	2
Activity	1
Mobility	1
Nutrition	2
Friction/Shear	1
Total	9

Plan: Continue to provide wound care, treat infection, and further stabilize patient on medical-surgical unit with wound care in goal to discharge back to his residential facility.

Assessment/encounter:

LOC: Conscious but non-alert male in bed with NPWT on and draining sero-sanguinous drainage.

Wound Assessment:

Location: R heel

Wound type: DFU

Extensive of tissue loss: Wagner Grade 3- healing

Size and shape: 3.2cm x 3.6cm x 1.3 cm Round

Wound bed tissue: Red granular tissue 70% Pink 30%

Exudate amount, odor, consistency: Scant sanguinous without odor

Undermining/tunneling none

Edges: flush with skin surface

Periwound skin: intact and pink in color

Location: Sacrum

Wound type: Unstageable pressure injury

Size and shape: 6.2cm x 4.7cm Irregular

Wound bed tissue: Black 20% Red granular 40% Pink 40%

Exudate amount, odor, consistency: None

Undermining/tunneling: - unstageable

Edges: flush with skin surface

Periwound skin: Pink, blanchable, warm, and dry

Pain: Pain unable to be assessed

Using the information from the chart note, develop a plan of care to be executed by other members of the healthcare team in your absence. Statements should be directive and holistic. Write as nursing orders.

(Save the document by clinical date & preceptor last name before submitting to your dropbox each clinical day)

Journals should be submitted to your dropbox no later than **48 hours** following the clinical experience day.

WOC Plan of Care (include specific products used)

NPWT order: Cleanse wound with wound wash and gauze prior to NPWT application. Apply skin prep to peri wound skin. Apply transparent film dressing to peri-wound skin in windowpane fashion to protect peri-wound skin. Apply black foam that has been cut to shape/size of wound to the wound bed. Secure with transparent film dressing. NPWT dressing change 3 times a week. Setting 125mmHg continuous suction. Change canister once a week and PRN when full. If NPWT wound vac malfunctions and bedside RN unable to correct, call wound care center. If still unable to correct and wound vac is malfunctioning or off for two hours, bedside RN must remove wound vac, dressing and foam. Apply normal saline wet to dry dressing BID. Call physician and wound care to notify. Upon discharge, if patient is going home, connect wound vac dressing to home wound vac. If patient is going to skilled nursing facility, remove wound vac dressing and apply NS wet to dry dressing.

Coccyx dressing order: Cleanse wound with each dressing change. Apply mesalt dressing to coccyx wound and secure with Allyvyn silicone foam dressing daily to the coccyx and prn if soiled or dislodged.

Turning and repositioning q 2 hours utilizing wedges to float coccyx.

EHOB TruVue heel boots in place for offloading when in bed.

Describe your thoughts related to the care provided. What would you have done differently?

I have no suggestions for what could have been done differently and agree with current management and treatment plans of the case study patient. This was truly the first from start to finish NPWT I had witnessed and assisted with and why I chose this case. Unfortunately, our patient is confused and non-verbal, so no patient teaching took place with this mini-case patient encounter. His sister consented for his treatment after the surgeon had provided education on risk versus benefits of the debridement and further treatment. If his sister had been visiting, that would have been an opportunity for family education concentrating on wound care and NPWT use and benefits.

Overall, there is much less knowledge of the inpatient's nutritional intake and hydration status for optimal healing. Two patients were able to tell me if they had eaten and taking PO fluids. We the students do not have access to the EMR to assess CNA flowcharts for diet and I&Os. We were in and out without seeing many or any CNAs at times to have verbal report for assessment of nutritional intake. Preceptor stated she wishes we had EMR read only access. I will know how to access this in the future for "what would you have done differently" in effort to ensure adequate intake for optimal healing.

You should have a learning goal for each clinical day. What was your goal for the day? Was it met? Why or why not?

Goals

(Save the document by clinical date & preceptor last name before submitting to your dropbox each clinical day)

Journals should be submitted to your dropbox no later than **48 hours** following the clinical experience day.

What was your goal for the day?

I had requested more orientation with products. I also have had no prior NPWT experience and was able to assist in the application of the dressing and to have hands on experience with one NPWT device. I also learned a few very valuable tips for NPWT use so goals met for the day.

What is/are your learning goal(s) for tomorrow? (Share learning goal with preceptor)

To learn standard of care with how often the follow up patients are seen depending on admission status. More product learning and use.

For instructor use only. Do not remove or edit:

CRITICAL ELEMENTS	Completed	Missing
Medical record note reflects that of a specialist:		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identifies why the patient is being seen 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Describes the encounter including assessment, interactions, any actions, education provided and responses 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Completes Braden Scale for inpatient encounter 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Includes pertinent PMH, HPI, current medications and labs 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identifies specific products utilized/recommended for use 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identifies overall recommendations/plan 		
Plan of Care Development:		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> POC is focused and holistic 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> WOC nursing concerns and medical conditions, co-morbidities are incorporated 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Braden subscales addressed (if pertinent) 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Statements direct care of the patient in the absence of the WOC nurse 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Directives are written as nursing orders 		
Thoughts Related to Visit:		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Critical thinking utilized to reflect on patient encounter 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identifies alternatives/what would have done differently 		
Learning goal identified		

Reviewed by: _____ Date: _____

(Save the document by clinical date & preceptor last name before submitting to your dropbox each clinical day)

Journals should be submitted to your dropbox no later than **48 hours** following the clinical experience day.



R. B. Turnbull Jr. M.D. WOC Nursing Education Program

(Save the document by clinical date & preceptor last name before submitting to your dropbox each clinical day)

Journals should be submitted to your dropbox no later than **48 hours** following the clinical experience day.