

<p>Skin barrier</p> 	<p>Protects the peristomal skin from stoma effluent/output. This is integrated into most pouching systems. May be extended wear or standard wear</p>
<p>Convex</p> 	<p>A dome shaped barrier that can help to flatten the peristomal skin in the area of creases and folds to provide a consistent seal.</p>
<p>Flat</p> 	<p>Skin barrier with level even adhesive, used on a smooth peristomal plane.</p>

<p>Soft convex</p> 	<p>A flexible dome shaped barrier that can help to flatten the peristomal skin in the instance of soft/loose skin in the peristomal plane.</p>
<p>Paste</p> 	<p>Fills in/ “caulks” uneven areas peristomal to create an even surface.</p>
<p>Powder</p> 	<p>When used in moderation, this product absorbs moisture of denuded peristomal skin providing an optimal surface to apply pouching system.</p>

<p>Ring</p> 	<p>Used enhance the skin barrier seal with a second layer of solid skin barrier. Can be used to add light convexity.</p>
<p>Strip paste</p> 	<p>Pieces can be used to fill in uneven areas and enhance and enhance the skin barrier seal.</p>
<p>Elastic barrier strip</p> 	<p>Used to enhance the outer seal of the skin barrier.</p>

<p>Liquid barrier film</p>  <p>The image shows two identical white packages of 3M Cavilon No Sting Barrier Film. Each package is labeled 'STERILE R' and 'Do Not Reuse'. The product name 'Cavilon™ No Sting Barrier Film' is prominently displayed. Below the name, it lists the protection it offers: 'Protects damaged or intact skin from: • Body fluids • Adhesive trauma • Friction • Incontinence'. At the bottom of each package, it indicates the reference number '3344' and the volume '1 mL'.</p>	<p>Used to seal skin barrier powder to enhance seal and/or to protect peristomal skin from stripping</p>
<p>One piece pouching system</p>  <p>The image shows a single-piece ostomy pouching system. It consists of a circular skin barrier with a central opening for the stoma, attached to a flexible, translucent collection pouch. The entire unit is shown against a dark wood background. A white ruler is placed vertically to the left of the unit for scale.</p>	<p>Skin barrier and pouch together as one unit</p>

2 piece pouching system



Skin barrier and pouch are interchangeable. Pouch can be removed/adjusted without removal of skin barrier.

Drainable pouch



Tap, valve, clip, Velcro seal, or plug is present on the pouch. Can be used for fecal and/or urinary stomas

<p>Closed end pouch</p> 	<p>This pouch can't be emptied, typically for solid output.</p>
<p>High volume pouch</p> 	<p>Used typically when output is greater than 1,200ml/24h or when a larger pouch is indicated. May be attached to gravity drainage.</p>
<p>Ostomy belt</p> 	<p>Worn to apply slight pressure to the pouching system and support the pouch to enhance the seal. Often used with convexity.</p>

<p>Fistula Pouch</p> 	<p>Can be used for pouching of large(er) fistulas, prolapses and/or wounds. Typically not an item covered by insurance for an ostomy</p>
<p>Post-operative pouch (shown with access window)</p> 	<p>Used after surgery, in the setting of edema, and with larger stomas or intubated stomas.</p>

Extended wear barrier



Skin barrier type for use with liquid and high output types. Commonly used with ileal conduits and jejunostomies.

Standard wear barrier



Skin barrier type for typical ostomy output. Commonly used with colostomies and end ileostomies.