

Margaret H. Rollins School of Nursing  
N201- Special Populations  
Class Prep- Factors of Labor

Match each of the following terms with the correct definition:

1.   D.   Bregma
  2.   I.   Fetal position
  3.   K.   Acromion Process
  4.   N.   Vertex
  5.   B.   Posterior fontanel
  6.   C.   Station
  7.   E.   Fetal attitude
  8.   F.   Occiput
  9.   A.   Fetal presenting part
  10.   M.   Sinciput
  11.   H.   Fetal presentation
  12.   G.   Engagement
  13.   L.   Fetal Lie
  14.   J.   Mentum
- A. Fetal body part present in or on the cervical os
  - B. Intersection between posterior cranial sutures
  - C. Relative position of fetal presenting part above or below an imaginary line drawn between maternal ischial spines
  - D. Anterior fontanel
  - E. Relationship of fetal parts to one another (i.e., flexion or extension of the fetal head)
  - F. Area between anterior & posterior fontanels
  - G. When largest diameter of presenting part reaches or passes through pelvic inlet
  - H. Fetal body part entering the pelvis first or lying over the inlet.
  - I. Relationship of an arbitrarily chosen fetal reference point on presenting fetal part (known as fetal presenting part landmark) to its location front, back, or side of the maternal pelvis
  - J. Fetal chin
  - K. Landmark for shoulder presentation
  - L. Relationship of fetal spine to the maternal spine (i.e. longitudinal or vertical; horizontal or transverse)
  - M. Fetal brow
  - N. Area beneath posterior fontanels occupied by occipital bone.

