

Beebe Healthcare
Margaret H. Rollins School of Nursing
Nursing 101 - Foundations of Nursing
Day 2 Class Prep Assignment

1. What is a CAUTI?

Cather-associated urinary tract infections

2. What are ways to prevent a CAUTI? **Select all that apply:**

A. Hand Hygiene

B. Prolonged use of indwelling catheters

C. Routine catheter care

D. Early removal of indwelling catheter

E. Good nutrition

3. What is the most effective way to prevent healthcare-associated infections (HAIs)?

The most effective way to prevent HAI's is effective handwashing by nurse and care team.

4. In which circumstances should a healthcare worker utilize soap and water for hand hygiene instead of waterless hand rub? **Select all that apply:**

A. When hands are visibly soiled

B. When entering a client room

C. After caring for a client who has infectious diarrhea

D. Before checking a client's vital signs

E. Before performing a dressing change

5. What do you do with the orange sticker post foley catheter care?

Place on bag to document that catheter care has been performed

6. List at least two (2) risk factors for the development of a pressure injury.

Immobility, reduced perfusion, friction, malnutrition,

7. Identify 1 bony prominence susceptible to pressure injury formation:

Sacrum, hips, heels, elbows, shoulders, back of head

8. What is the name of the equipment used to empty a foley catheter bag?

A graduated cylinder

9. What type of bedpan do you utilize for a client with a hip fracture?

A. Ridged bedpan

B. Orthopedic bedpan

C. Fractured bed pan

D. Bariatric bedpan

10. What is an imperative assessment you perform when you are positioning the client in a side-lying position?

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When repositioning a client onto the side it's important to check if skin is still intact, any redness and if skin is still blanchable.