

Active transport: Process that requires energy to move a substance across the cell membrane

Anuria: No urine formation

Diffusion: Movement of solutes from higher to lower concentration

Dysuria: Painful urination

Enuresis: Incontinence during sleep

Frequency: Voiding occurs more often than usual

Hematuria: Blood in the urine

Hesitancy: Difficulty starting a urine stream

Micturition: Urination

Nocturia: Frequent urination at night

Oliguria: Scanty urine output

Pneumaturia: Urine containing gas

Polyuria: Large amount of urine output

Reflux: Backward flow of urine

Retention: Inability to void

Stress Incontinence: Can be caused by sneezing

Urgency: Strong desire to urinate

1. Match the terms with the descriptions:

- |                        |   |
|------------------------|---|
| a. active transport    | _____ backward flow of urine  |
| b. anuria              | _____ blood in the urine  |
| c. diffusion           | _____ scanty urine output   |
| d. dysuria             | _____ can be caused by sneezing   |
| e. enuresis            | _____ urine containing gas  |
| f. frequency           | _____ incontinence during sleep   |
| g. hematuria           | _____ painful urination   |
| h. hesitancy           | _____ no urine formation  |
| i. micturition         | _____ frequent urination at night   |
| j. nocturia            | _____ inability to void   |
| k. oliguria            | _____ large amount of urine output  |
| l. pneumaturia         | _____ difficulty starting urine stream  |
| m. polyuria            | _____ strong desire to urinate  |
| n. reflux              | _____ urination   |
| o. retention           | _____ movement of solutes from higher to lower concentration                  |
| p. stress incontinence | _____ process that requires energy to move a substance across a cell membrane |
| q. urgency             | _____ voiding occurs more often than usual                                    |