

**Nursing 102 Care of Adults
Clinical Preparation Week- 2025**

Neurosensory: Stroke

**** Due Wednesday, February 5th by 0830 to Dr. Baich's DropBox ****

1. Log on to ATI
 - a. Learn Tab → Engage Adult Medical Surgical RN → Alterations in Neurologic Function → Review the “Stroke” lesson → Watch the “Stroke” Podcast
2. Complete the following:
 - a. After reviewing the stroke lesson:
 - i. What does BE FAST stand for? Expand upon each letter:

B: Balance (loss of)

E: eyes (vision changes)

F: face (facial asymmetry)

A: arm (numbness or weakness on one side of the body)

S: speech (speech difficulties)

T: time (is of the essence)

- ii. What is the treatment for stroke?

Hemorrhagic	Ischemic
thrombectomy of cerebral artery to remove the clot decompressive hemicraniectomy to relieve ICP from swelling of the brain	Dissolve or remove clots and prevent new clots from forming Administrate alteplase within 3 hr of onset of manifestation of stroke will restore cerebral blood flow

- iii. Have the NIH Stroke Scale available (will be posted in the clinical prep lesson on edvance360). Watch the following video and complete the NIH Stroke Scale:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Yca-VJiHufU>.

1. 1a: Level of Consciousness: **2**
2. 1b: LOC Questions: **2**
3. 1c: LOC Commands: **0**
4. Best Gaze: **1**
5. Visual: **1**
6. Facial Palsy: **1**
7. Motor Arm: **rt 0 lft 2**
8. Motor Leg: **rt 0 lft 2**
9. Limb Ataxia: **1**
10. Sensory: **2**
11. Best Language: **0**
12. Dysarthria: **0**
13. Extinction and Inattention: **0**
14. Total Score: **14**

- b. After watching the Podcast:
- i. What is the role of the rehab nurse when working with a stroke patient?
giving medications before doing any exercises that might be painful, and remind patients how to practice their PT and OT if needed, education of the patient and their family.
 - ii. What is the role of OT when working with a stroke patient?
Provide the correct kind of adaptive equipment someone might need and how they can do their work and ALDs
 - iii. Why is a speech language pathologist (SLP) important when a patient is recovering from a stroke?
Communication and swallowing

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Gastrointestinal: Nasogastric Tubes