

Margaret H. Rollins School of Nursing
N201- Special Populations
Class Prep– Factors of Labor

Match each of the following terms with the correct definition:

1. **B** Bregma
 2. **L** Fetal position
 3. **K** Acromion Process
 4. **C** Vertex
 5. **G** Posterior fontanel
 6. **D** Station
 7. **I** Fetal attitude
 8. **N** Occiput
 9. **H** Fetal presenting part
 10. **F** Sinciput
 11. **A** Fetal presentation
 12. **E** Engagement
 13. **M** Fetal Lie
 14. **J** Mentum
- A. Fetal body part present in or on the cervical os
 - B. Intersection between posterior cranial sutures
 - C. Relative position of fetal presenting part above or below an imaginary line drawn between maternal ischial spines
 - D. Anterior fontanel
 - E. Relationship of fetal parts to one another (i.e. flexion or extension of the fetal head)
 - F. Area between anterior & posterior fontanels
 - G. When largest diameter of presenting part reaches or passes through pelvic inlet
 - H. Fetal body part entering the pelvis first or lying over the inlet
 - I. Relationship of an arbitrarily chosen fetal reference point on presenting fetal part (known as fetal presenting part landmark) to its location front, back, or side of the maternal pelvis
 - J. Fetal chin
 - K. Landmark for shoulder presentation
 - L. Relationship of fetal spine to the maternal spine (i.e. longitudinal or vertical; horizontal or transverse)
 - M. Fetal brow
 - N. Area beneath posterior fontanels occupied by occipital bone