

Immunology Class Preparation

1. Label each example as either active or passive immunity:
 - a. Antibodies are passed from the mother to the fetus: ___Passive immunity_____
 - b. Antibodies are produced after exposure to a killed virus: __Active immunity_____
 - c. Antibodies are produced after an infection: ___Active immunity_____
 - d. Antibodies are administered in the form of immune globulins: ___Passive immunity__
2. A nurse is assessing a client for HIV. The nurse should identify which of the following risk factors associated with this virus? Select all that apply.
 - a. Perinatal exposure
 - b. Monogamous partner
 - c. Blood transfusion
 - d. Occupational exposure
3. A nurse in an outpatient clinic is assessing a clinic who reports night sweats, fatigue, cough, nausea, diarrhea and has a temperature of 38.1° C (100.6° F). The client is concerned about the possibility of having HIV. Which actions should the nurse take? Select all that apply.
 - a. Perform a physical assessment
 - b. Determine when the manifestations began
 - c. Request a prescription for an antibiotic
 - d. Request a prescription for HIV testing
 - e. Obtain a sexual history
4. List three effects of aging on the immune system:
 - a. Decreased immune response- the immune system isn't as quick or effective responding to new infections in the body with aging
 - b. Autoimmune disorders- the immune system can start to attack healthy body tissues on mistake. along the same lines: Increased risk of cancer- immune system's ability to detect and attack mutated cells is decreased which increases the risk of cancer
 - c. Slowed healing- fewer immune cells can affect and decline the ability to correct cell defects
5. Match the type of hypersensitivity reaction to the characteristics:

Type I: IgE-Mediated __A__	A. Caused by pollen, food, drugs, dust, immediate reaction, allergic rhinitis, atopic dermatitis, skin test shows wheal and flare
Type II: Cytotoxic _C__	B. Occurs when T cells attack antigens or release cytokines, several days to occur, contact dermatitis
Type III: Immune- Complex __D__	C. Caused by ABO incompatibility blood transfusion reaction, occurs in minutes to hours, activates
Type IV: Delayed Hypersensitivity __B__	D. Caused by fungal, viral, or bacterial antigens, takes hours to days to develop, rheumatoid

	arthritis, systemic lupus erythema complement system and leads to cell lysis and acute kidney injury
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