

**Beebe Healthcare**  
**Margaret H. Rollins School of Nursing**  
**Nursing 101 - Foundations of Nursing**  
**Day 2 Class Prep Assignment**

1. What is a CAUTI?

A CAUTI is a catheter-associated urinary tract infection.

2. What are ways to prevent a CAUTI? **Select all that apply:**

- A. Hand Hygiene
- B. Prolonged use of indwelling catheters
- C. Routine catheter care
- D. Early removal of indwelling catheter
- E. Good nutrition

3. What is the most effective way to prevent healthcare-associated infections (HAIs)?

Perform hand hygiene before and after patient contact

4. In which circumstances should a healthcare worker utilize soap and water for hand hygiene instead of waterless hand rub? **Select all that apply:**

- A. When hands are visibly soiled
- B. When entering a client room
- C. After caring for a client who has infectious diarrhea
- D. Before checking a client's vital signs
- E. Before performing a dressing change

5. What do you do with the orange sticker post foley catheter care?

You would initial the sticker and place it on the front of the foley catheter bag with the corresponding date/time.

6. What are the 4 types of exudates used to describe wounds?

The four types of exudates are serous, serosanguinous, sanguineous, and purulent

7. Identify 1 bony prominence susceptible to pressure injury formation:

Sacrum

8. What is the name of the equipment used to empty a foley catheter bag?

Graduated Cylinder for measuring output

9. What type of bedpan do you utilize for a client with a hip fracture?

- A. Ridged bedpan
- B. Orthopedic bedpan
- C. Fractured bed pan
- D. Bariatric bedpan

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10. What is an imperative assessment you perform when you are positioning the client in a side-lying position?

When positioning your patient to the side you should always make sure there are no signs of skin irritation or pressure injuries.