

## Independent Assignment

### Abnormal/Interrupted Fetal Development

1. What are the clinical manifestations for an ectopic pregnancy?  
At first: N/V, breast tenderness, missed period, abdominal pain, spotting  
After ectopic rupture: Pain; acute or severe, unstable VS, referred shoulder pain, s/sx of shock, internal bleeding, faintness, dizziness, Cullen's sign
2. What is a hydatidiform mole (molar pregnancy)  
Complete is when the fetus never forms, partial is an abnormal fetus. Has trophoblastic cells that grow rapidly on the placenta, and it is a nonviable pregnancy.
3. What are the manifestation of a molar pregnancy and are there are any complications you should know for follow up care?  
Is presented by vaginal bleeding, N/V enlarged uterus, no FHT's usually, preeclampsia, hCG, transvaginal ultrasound. A complication you should know to follow-up is choriocarcinoma that can happen due to hydatidiform mole, or molar pregnancy.