

Pharmacology Review Class Prep Day 2

Cardiac Medications: Match the Drug with the correct patient teaching and **identify the drug classification**.

A. Hydrochlorothiazide _____ Class: _____	1. Monitor for Angioedema
B. Digoxin _____ Class: _____	2. Check blood pressure before taking medication and monitor for ankle swelling
C. Metoprolol _____ Class: _____	3. Increases urination
D. Amlodipine _____ Class: _____	4. Monitor heart rate for bradycardia
E. Enalapril _____ Class: _____	5. Toxicity includes visual hallucinations (halos) and anorexia in the elderly

Respiratory Medications:

- Your Patient is using a Metered Dose Inhaler (MDI) and the device begins to whistle. What is the correct response by the nurse?
- Why is a spacer helpful to use with some clients?
- Match the following drugs with their indication for use

A. Albuterol	1. Given to patients in respiratory distress
B. Acetylcysteine	2. Used for long term control
C. Budesonide + Formoterol	3. Used as a rescue inhaler
D. Atrovent + Albuterol	4. Given to break up mucus

Insulin:

	Onset	Peak	Duration
Insulin Lispro (Humalog)			
Regular Insulin (Humulin R)			
NPH (Humulin N)			
Insulin Glargine (Lantus)			
70% NPH/ 30% Regular (Humulin 70/30)			

Antibiotics:

1. What is the purpose of an Antimicrobial Stewardship?

2. Match the following:

A. Penicillins _____	1. Contraindicated in patients on anticoagulants or with bleeding disorder.
B. Cephalosporins _____	2. May discolor teeth. Causes photosensitivity.
C. Tetracyclines _____	3. Check for allergy before administration, observe 30 minutes following parenteral administration.
D. Vancomycin _____	4. Ensure adequate fluid intake to prevent crystalluria.
E. Fluroquinolones _____	5. Can cause ototoxicity , monitor trough levels.