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. DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY (PHD) IN LEADERSHIP PROGRAM

Beulah Heights University

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Abstract

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Figure 10: The evolution of the mean number of nodes per cluster as a function of time for the three different network types. The results are shown for the three different network types: Erdős-Rényi (ER), Barabási-Albert (BA), and Watts-Strogatz (WS). The x-axis represents time in seconds, ranging from 0 to 100. The y-axis represents the mean number of nodes per cluster, ranging from 0 to 10. The legend indicates that the blue line represents ER, the red line represents BA, and the green line represents WS.

(Bonner et al., 2016)

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 2013; Rattab et al., 2008)

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በጥናቱ ዓላማ መሰረት (Anderson and Smith, 2007)።

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1. **የጥራት ማረጋገጫ ስርዓት**፡ የጥራት ማረጋገጫ ስርዓት ማረጋገጥ የሚችል መሆኑን ማረጋገጥ፡፡
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이러한 관행은 조직의 문화, 구조, 그리고 리더십에 의해 형성되며, 이는 조직의 성과에 직접적인 영향을 미친다 (Bass, 1985a; 1985b; Burns, 1978), 이는 조직의 성과에 직접적인 영향을 미친다 (Luthans and Avolio, 2003).

በግልጽ በሆነ መንገድ በጥናቱ ውስጥ የተለያዩ የጥናት ዓላማዎችን ለማሟላት በተለያዩ የጥናት ዓላማዎች (ጥናት.ጥናት, 2011).

組織の文化を醸成する役割を果たす。

組織文化の形成

組織文化は、組織の成員が共有する価値観、信念、行動規範の集合体であり、組織の行動や意思決定に影響を与える（Northouse, 1997）。

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Gini (1997) は、組織文化は組織の成員が共有する価値観、信念、行動規範の集合体であり、組織の行動や意思決定に影響を与える。

Brown et al. (2005) は、組織文化は組織の成員が共有する価値観、信念、行動規範の集合体であり、組織の行動や意思決定に影響を与える。

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Resick et al. (2006) は、組織文化は組織の成員が共有する価値観、信念、行動規範の集合体であり、組織の行動や意思決定に影響を与える。

Kanungo & Mendonca (1996) は、組織文化は組織の成員が共有する価値観、信念、行動規範の集合体であり、組織の行動や意思決定に影響を与える。

組織

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 1980년대 이후에 들어와서, Rogowski(1978)의 연구에 따르면, 미국에서는

Elster(1986)은 공공 선택 이론을 통해 왜 사람들이 공공 선택을 선택하는지 설명한다. 그는, 공공 선택은 공공 선택을 선택하는 사람들이 공공 선택을 선택하는 이유를 설명한다. 공공 선택은 공공 선택을 선택하는 이유를 설명한다. (Elster, 1986).

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(DiMaggio & Powell, 1983).

然而，目前對於「如何設計一個好的對話系統」，Parsons(1960)的「如何設計一個好的對話系統」，Suchman(1995)的「如何設計一個好的對話系統」，以及「如何設計一個好的對話系統」，都是目前對話系統設計的重要參考文獻。

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DiMaggio and Powell (1983),.

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Qi & Mian-Xia (2014) and Neves & Story (2015).

Neves & Story (2015) and Letwin et al. (2016).

Letwin et al. (2016) and Bonner et al. (2016).

Bonner et al. (2016) and Chen (2010).

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