

Lead 902: Contemporary Issues in Leadership IV

Xavjah Streeter I

Beulah Heights University

First Entry

Livermore, D., Ang, S., & Van Dyne, L. (2015). *Leading with cultural intelligence* (1st ed.). New York: Amacom.

Livermore (2015) empowers the reader with the tools required to be successful in a cross-cultural interconnected market. Livermore emphasized that business today is global and success requires a new set of skills. Rapid globalization has resulted in a much larger group of employees faced with cross-cultural issues in the workplace and ministry. With Cultural Intelligence (CQ) an individual can lead effectively in any context. This book features fresh research, case studies, and statistics on improving an individual's CQ. This is a practical and insightful book. Livermore (2015) presented the following powerful four-part model for becoming more adept at managing across cultures: **Drive** — to boost an individual's motivation and confidence in interacting with other cultures, **Knowledge**—to aid in understating the relevance of differences in religion, values, norms, and languages, **Strategy**—to help plan for unfamiliar cultural settings, while remaining flexible if actual experience differs from expectations, **Action**— to successfully adapt one's behavior to each situation. Using this book as a guide, leaders can thrive in any business environment—whether it is across the world or in their backyard.

Second Entry

Schein, E. H. (2016). *Organizational culture and leadership* (5th ed.). San Francisco, CA: John Wiley & Sons.

This book is the classic reference for managers and students seeking a deeper understanding of the inter-relationship of organizational culture dynamics and leadership. Schein (2016) is the 'father' of organizational culture and is world-renowned for his expertise and

research in the field. In this book, Schein analyzed and illustrated the abstract concept of culture through cases, and showed the importance of culture in the management of organizational change. Schein gave special emphasis to how the role of leadership varies with the age of the organization from founding; through mid-life to old age and as the cultural issues vary at each stage. Schein also emphasized as a central concern of leader behavior, how the change of culture is managed at each stage and in different types of organizations.

Third Entry

Torres, J (2016). *The transformation to effective global leadership: The impact of cross-cultural behavior and motivation on global leadership practices and approaches*. Downers Grove, Ill.: Interservice Press

This book by Torres (2016) is fascinating for individuals interested in intercontinental leadership. As the world becomes interdependent and interrelated, the need to understand how to transform an effective leader to an effective global leader is now more important than ever. Torres argued that leaders and followers must develop mutual trust, and mutual respect. Torres emphasized that mutual trust and respect require effective communication and communication differs from culture to culture. Equally important, is the approach to conflict management, which also differs from culture to culture. Additionally, different cultures view integrity and honesty differently. To this end, Torres highlighted the elements required to transform an effective domestic leader into an effective global leader. Torres further posits that cross-cultural and country-specific cultural training is required prior to any international assignment. Finally, Torres explained the preferred leadership qualities and demonstrated how various leaders were unprepared after accepting foreign assignments.

Fourth Entry

Miller, P. (2017). *Cultures of educational leadership: global and intercultural perspectives*.
London: Palgrave Macmillan.

Miller (2017) explored attributes and skills that a leader requires to become fully cross-cultural and intercultural with research and theory building within the setting of educational leadership. Miller adopted an integrated approach to the examination of common issues across and between cultures and contexts. In each chapter, Miller examined an issue or a set of issues that build on evidence from a minimum of three countries across at least two continents. The data collection methods were consistent for all countries and therefore allowed for meaningful conclusions across the field. Countries from all six continents in developing and developed economies are represented in the book to ensure an open dialogue and an innovative approach in laying the foundations for future research.

References

- Livermore, D., Ang, S., & Van Dyne, L. (2015). *Leading with cultural intelligence* (1st ed.). New York: Amacom.
- Miller, P. (2017). *Cultures of educational leadership: global and intercultural perspectives*. London: Palgrave Macmillan.
- Schein, E. H. (2016). *Organizational culture and leadership* (5th ed.). San Francisco, CA: John Wiley & Sons.
- Torres, J (2016). *The transformation to effective global leadership: The impact of cross-cultural behavior and motivation on global leadership practices and approaches*. Downers Grove, Ill.: Intervarsity Press.