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Assignment D

The tabernacle consisted of two chambers—the Holy of Holies and the Holy Place.

In one paragraph each, describe the following and give the Scripture references.

The holy of holies -only the high priest could enter the Holy of Holies. It contains the ark of the covenant. It was the most secret room out of the Tabernacle. A thick curtain separated the Holy Place. The Holy of Holies was supposed to be enter once a year in the day of atonement.

2. The holy place - the Holy Place was where the priest conducted the ritual to honor God. The holy place was 30 feet long, 15 feet wide, and 15 feet high. In the Holy place the priest represented the people of Israel before God. The Holy place was separated from the Holy of Holies.

3. The table -the table of showbread was inside the Holy place. Showbread means bread of presence they called it because the bread was always at its lowest presence. It was on the right side of the Holy place. There were 12 loads of bread on the table. The 12 loads of bread represent the 12 tribes of Israel. (Exodus. 25:30)

4. The lampstand -the Menorah was on the left side of the Holy place. It was known as the golden lampstand. The priest was to the lampstand burning continually. The Menorah was the only light in the temple. The Menorah was made with pure gold. (Lev. 24:1-3)

5. Altar of incense -the Alter of incense it was in front of the curtain separating the Holy place and the Holy of Holies. The Alter was made of Acacia wood and pure gold. The incense of the golden were supposed to burn day and night. When the incense burned out it gave a smell that was pleasing to God. The incense represents prayers and intercession. (Exodus. 30:1-10)

6. Bronze basin -it was a large bowl that priest wash their hands cleansing before entering in the tabernacle. The priest cleans their selves at the Bronze alter and atonement for their sin. If a priest did not cleanse themselves before going in the temple God will kill in his present. They were to wash their hands and feet. (Exodus. 39:39)

7. Altar for burned offerings - Burned Offerings were animal slaughter as scarified. The bronze basin shown that man's sin had to be cleanse by the insensate animal. The bronze basin alter were made from bronze and acacia. It was 7 ½ all size, 4 ½ deep. This was where people made an atonement for their sin. (Lev. 1:4)