

### Application Questions Chapter 3

1- Calculate the molar mass of each of the following compounds: 9pts

a- Nitric acid,  $\text{HNO}_3$   $(1 \times 1.008) + (1 \times 14.007) + (3 \times 16.00) = \mathbf{63.01 \text{ g/mol}}$

b- Malachite,  $\text{Cu}_2(\text{OH})_2\text{CO}_3$   $(2 \times 63.546) + (5 \times 16.00) + (2 \times 1.008) + (1 \times 12.011) =$   
**221.12 g/mol**

c- Caffeine,  $\text{C}_8\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_4\text{O}_2$   $(8 \times 12.011) + (10 \times 1.008) + (4 \times 14.007) + (2 \times 16.00) =$   
**194.19 g/mol**

2- Determine the percent water in  $\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$  to three significant figures. 5pts

a.  $(90.10 \text{ g/mol} / 249.72 \text{ g/mol}) \times 100\% = \mathbf{36.1\%}$

3- Consider this question: What is the mass of solute in 200.0 L of a 1.556-M solution of KBr. 6pts

a. Outline the steps necessary to answer the question.

1. 1 L has 1.556 mol

2.  $1.556 \text{ mol/L} \times 200.0 \text{ L} = 311.2 \text{ mol}$

3.  $(1 \times 39.098) + (1 \times 79.904) = 119.002 \text{ g/mol}$

4.  $311.2 \text{ mol} \times 119 \text{ g/mol} = 37,030 \text{ g} = \mathbf{37.03 \text{ kg}}$

b. Answer the question.

1. Mass solute = **37.03 kg**