

# DMA CLASSROOM TRAINING TEST

NAME: Brandi Robinson DATE: 3.24.21 SCORE: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Where should medication keys be kept?

with staff

2. T  F \_\_\_\_\_ PRN is an abbreviation for as needed or whenever necessary.

3. T \_\_\_\_\_ F  NPO is an abbreviation for by mouth

4. T \_\_\_\_\_ F  Prescription medication, including dietary supplements, or individual special medical procedures do not need to have a physician or dentist order.

5. T  F \_\_\_\_\_ Prescription medications are to be kept in the original pharmacy container which is labeled for a specific resident, and locked and refrigerated if required.

6. T \_\_\_\_\_ F  You should preset each resident's medication in order to save time.

7. If a resident can't swallow their medications and needs to be crushed, we need:

- a. a pill crusher
- b. the resident to chew the pill
- c. a physician's order

8. The medication administration record (MAR) contains the following information:

- a. the medication, the side effects, and time to be administered.
- b. the medication, the dosage, the side effects
- c. the medication, the dosage, label instructions for use, and time to be administered
- d. the medication, dosage

9. The following information about each medication must be obtained before it is given:

- a. purpose of medication and therapeutic effect
- b. unwanted side effects
- c. any known drug interactions with drugs the resident is currently is taking
- d. a and c
- e. All of the above

Code 1 - 1618

Code 2 - 2003

Code 3 - 0514

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21. T  F  It is important to avoid distractions when preparing and or passing medications?
22. Prior to administering medications to a resident you should:
- ask the resident to tell you his or her name
  - identify the resident with his or her photo on EMAR
  - hand them a glass of water
  - All of the above
23. What is the medication administration time frame?
- half hour before and half hour after the correct administration time.
  - one hour before and one hour after the correct administration time
  - whenever the resident decides to take his or her medication
24. T  F  Good hand-washing technique is not important when you are passing medications.
25. T  F  When assisting a resident to apply a topical medication, it is alright to use your fingers to remove the medication form the jar.
26. T  F  Liquid medication is poured at eye level.
27. T  F  The resident has the right to refuse medication, but also has the right to know the consequences of refusing the medications.
28. T  F  Controlled substances must be counted by the on-coming shift (DMA) and the-going shift (DMA).
29. T  F  It is alright to store internal and external medications together.
30. T  F  When a blood sugar on a diabetic client is below 70, you should call the medical staff or on call personnel, and treat them with the hypoglycemic protocol and retest their blood sugar in 20 minutes?